



CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(UNAUDITED)



Management's Responsibilities over Financial Reporting

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of First Majestic Silver Corp. (the "Company") are the responsibility of the Company's management. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "*Interim Financial Reporting*", as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and reflect management's best estimates and judgment based on information currently available.

Management has developed and maintains a system of internal controls to ensure that the Company's assets are safeguarded, transactions are authorized and properly recorded, and financial information is reliable.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring management fulfills its responsibilities. The Audit Committee reviews the results of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements prior to their submission to the Board of Directors for approval.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have not been audited.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'K. Neumeyer', written in a cursive style.

Keith Neumeyer
President & CEO
August 9, 2016

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'R. Polman', written in a cursive style.

Raymond Polman, CA
Chief Financial Officer
August 9, 2016

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (LOSS)
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 and 2015**

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(In thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

The Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Loss) provide a summary of the Company's financial performance and net earnings or loss over the reporting periods.

	Note	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues	5	\$ 66,072	\$ 54,190	\$ 132,581	\$ 108,759
Cost of sales (excludes depletion, depreciation and amortization)	6	36,252	33,314	73,514	65,650
Gross margin		29,820	20,876	59,067	43,109
Depletion, depreciation and amortization		19,879	17,435	39,757	34,672
Mine operating earnings		9,941	3,441	19,310	8,437
General and administrative expenses	7	4,471	4,229	8,346	8,568
Share-based payments		1,092	1,544	2,239	3,153
Foreign exchange gain		(1,068)	(662)	(2,812)	(2,174)
Operating earnings (loss)		5,446	(1,670)	11,537	(1,110)
Investment and other income (loss)	8	4,905	(1,345)	4,861	447
Finance costs	9	(1,133)	(1,434)	(5,828)	(3,054)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		9,218	(4,449)	10,570	(3,717)
Income taxes					
Current income tax expense	20	924	1,269	1,872	1,412
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	20	2,189	(3,140)	10,026	(1,446)
		3,113	(1,871)	11,898	(34)
Net earnings (loss) for the period		\$ 6,105	\$ (2,578)	\$ (1,328)	\$ (3,683)
Earnings (loss) per common share					
Basic	10	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)
Diluted	10	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)
Weighted average shares outstanding					
Basic	10	159,503,990	121,097,717	157,598,211	119,355,855
Diluted	10	163,525,186	121,097,717	157,598,211	119,355,855

Approved by the Board of Directors



Keith Neumeyer, Director



Douglas Penrose, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 and 2015**

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(In thousands of US dollars)

The Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (loss) provide a summary of total comprehensive earnings or loss and summarizes items recorded in other comprehensive income that may or may not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss depending on future events.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net earnings (loss) for the period	\$ 6,105	\$ (2,578)	\$ (1,328)	\$ (3,683)
Other comprehensive income				
Unrealized gain on fair value of available for sale investments (Note 13(a))	221	-	221	-
Other comprehensive income	221	-	221	-
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	\$ 6,326	\$ (2,578)	\$ (1,107)	\$ (3,683)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 and 2015**

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(In thousands of US dollars)

The Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows provide a summary of movements in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting periods by classifying them as operating, investing or financing activities.

	Note	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Operating Activities					
Net earnings (loss) for the period		\$ 6,105	\$ (2,578)	\$ (1,328)	\$ (3,683)
Adjustments for:					
Depletion, depreciation and amortization		20,045	17,623	40,112	35,042
Share-based payments		1,092	1,544	2,239	3,153
Income tax expense (recovery)	20	3,113	(1,871)	11,898	(34)
Finance costs	9	1,133	1,434	5,828	3,054
Other	23	(7,987)	296	(10,276)	(3,770)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital and taxes		23,501	16,448	48,473	33,762
Net change in non-cash working capital items	23	(7,116)	6,551	(8,401)	(1,782)
Income taxes paid		(1,504)	(1,749)	(3,083)	(4,380)
Cash generated by operating activities		14,881	21,250	36,989	27,600
Investing Activities					
Expenditures on mining interests		(10,747)	(11,902)	(18,537)	(23,268)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(4,173)	(6,957)	(5,831)	(7,743)
Deposits (paid) applied for the acquisition of non-current assets		(148)	613	(204)	(646)
Purchase of marketable securities		(1,001)	-	(1,001)	-
Proceeds from disposal of marketable securities		-	-	48	-
Cash received on settlement of derivatives		-	396	-	396
Cash used in investing activities		(16,069)	(17,850)	(25,525)	(31,261)
Financing Activities					
Proceeds from private placement, net of share issue costs		42,716	22,968	42,716	22,968
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		6,973	-	8,587	-
Proceeds from term loan, net of issuance cost	17(a)	-	-	33,709	-
Proceeds from revolving credit facility, net of issuance cost	17(b)	-	-	16,161	-
Repayment of prepayment facilities	19	-	(6,264)	(31,604)	(11,953)
Repayment of SilverCrest credit facility	17(b)	-	-	(15,000)	-
Repayment of lease obligations		(2,599)	(3,184)	(5,107)	(6,725)
Finance costs paid		(835)	(988)	(5,285)	(2,120)
Cash provided by financing activities		46,255	12,532	44,177	2,170
Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents held in foreign currencies		1,404	(574)	1,545	(1,112)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		45,067	15,932	55,641	(1,491)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		61,733	22,384	51,018	40,345
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 108,204	\$ 37,742	\$ 108,204	\$ 37,742
Cash		\$ 69,701	\$ 20,855	\$ 69,701	\$ 20,855
Short-term investments		38,503	16,887	38,503	16,887
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 108,204	\$ 37,742	\$ 108,204	\$ 37,742
Supplemental cash flow information	23				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT JUNE 30, 2016 AND DECEMBER 31, 2015**

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(In thousands of US dollars)

The Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position provides a summary of assets, liabilities and equity, as well as their current versus non-current nature, as at the reporting date.

	Note	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 108,204	\$ 51,018
Trade and other receivables	11	23,768	24,491
Income taxes receivable		1,751	-
Inventories	12	21,602	22,204
Other financial assets	13	12,973	5,701
Prepaid expenses and other		1,324	1,371
Total current assets		169,622	104,785
Non-current assets			
Mining interests	14	382,384	387,337
Property, plant and equipment	15	243,376	259,741
Deposits on non-current assets		3,576	3,484
Deferred tax assets	20	41,412	34,353
Total assets		\$ 840,370	\$ 789,700
Liabilities and Equity			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	\$ 27,258	\$ 41,899
Unearned revenue		1,993	2,231
Current portion of debt facilities	17	12,520	15,000
Current portion of lease obligations	18	8,739	9,594
Current portion of prepayment facilities	19	-	19,859
Income taxes payable		-	618
Total current liabilities		50,510	89,201
Non-current liabilities			
Debt facilities	17	37,686	-
Lease obligations	18	4,454	7,357
Decommissioning liabilities		14,625	15,592
Other liabilities		1,266	1,334
Prepayment facilities	19	-	11,383
Deferred tax liabilities	20	133,801	120,114
Total liabilities		242,342	244,981
Equity			
Share capital	21	610,405	557,477
Equity reserves		60,768	59,061
Accumulated deficit		(73,145)	(71,819)
Total equity		598,028	544,719
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 840,370	\$ 789,700
Commitments (Note 14(d), Note 22(c)); Subsequent events (Note 24))			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 and 2015**

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(In thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

The Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity summarizes movements in equity, including common shares, share capital, equity reserves and retained earnings or accumulated deficit.

	Share Capital		Equity Reserves				Retained earnings		Total equity
	Shares	Amount	Share-based payments ^(a)	Available for sale revaluation ^(b)	Foreign currency translation ^(c)	Total equity reserves	(Accumulated deficit)		
Balance at December 31, 2014	117,594,640	\$ 430,588	\$ 53,648	\$ -	\$ (308)	\$ 53,340	\$ 36,605	\$ 520,533	
Net loss and total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,683)	(3,683)	
Share-based payments	-	-	3,153	-	-	3,153	-	3,153	
Shares issued for private placement (Note 21(a))	4,620,000	22,968	-	-	-	-	-	22,968	
Balance at June 30, 2015	122,214,640	\$ 453,556	\$ 56,801	\$ -	\$ (308)	\$ 56,493	\$ 32,922	\$ 542,971	
Balance at December 31, 2015	155,588,238	\$ 557,477	\$ 59,369	\$ -	\$ (308)	\$ 59,061	\$ (71,819)	\$ 544,719	
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,328)	(1,328)	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	221	-	221	-	221	
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	221	-	221	(1,328)	(1,107)	
Share-based payments, net of tax	-	-	2,858	-	-	2,858	-	2,858	
Shares issued for:									
Private placement (Note 21(a))	5,250,900	42,716	-	-	-	-	-	42,716	
Exercise of stock options (Note 21(b))	1,610,176	9,959	(1,372)	-	-	(1,372)	-	8,587	
Settlement of liabilities	75,284	253	-	-	-	-	-	253	
Balance at June 30, 2016	162,524,598	\$ 610,405	\$ 60,855	\$ 221	\$ (308)	\$ 60,768	\$ (73,145)	\$ 598,028	

- (a) Share-based payments reserve records the cumulative amount recognized under IFRS 2 in respect of options granted and shares purchase warrants issued but not exercised to acquire shares of the Company, plus related tax benefits of \$0.6 million (2015 - \$nil).
- (b) The available for sale revaluation reserve principally records the unrealized fair value gains or losses related to available-for-sale financial instruments, net of amount reclassified as impairment.
- (c) Foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences arising on the translation of non-US dollar functional currency operations within the Company into the US dollar presentation currency. All of the Company's entities have the US dollar as their functional currency and, thus, there were no changes in the foreign currency translation reserve.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

First Majestic Silver Corp. (the “Company” or “First Majestic”) is in the business of silver production, development, exploration, and acquisition of mineral properties with a focus on silver production in Mexico. The Company presently owns and operates six producing silver mines: the Santa Elena Silver/Gold Mine, La Encantada Silver Mine, La Parrilla Silver Mine, Del Toro Silver Mine, San Martin Silver Mine and the La Guitarra Silver Mine.

First Majestic is incorporated in Canada with limited liability under the legislation of the Province of British Columbia and is publicly listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol “AG”, on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol “FR”, on the Mexican Stock Exchange under the symbol “AG” and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol “FMV”. The Company’s head office and principal address is located at 925 West Georgia Street, Suite 1805, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3L2.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34, “*Interim Financial Reporting*”, and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IFRS”).

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared using accounting policies consistent with those in the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2015, with the exception of the adoption of the amendments to IFRSs included in the Annual Improvements 2012-2014 cycle and a number of narrow scope amendments to certain IFRSs and IASs which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. The amendments did not have an impact on the Company’s unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2015, as some disclosures from the annual consolidated financial statements have been condensed or omitted.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis except for certain items that are measured at fair value including derivative financial instruments (Note 22(a)) and marketable securities (Note 13(a)). All dollar amounts presented are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise specified.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its controlled subsidiaries. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. Intercompany balances, transactions, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements of First Majestic for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 9, 2016.

3. SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The Company’s management makes judgements in its process of applying the Company’s accounting policies in the preparation of its unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements. In addition, the preparation of the financial data requires that the Company’s management to make assumptions and estimates of the impacts of uncertain future events on the carrying amounts of the Company’s assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates as the estimation process is inherently uncertain. Estimates are reviewed on an ongoing basis based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates and the resulting impacts on the carrying amounts of the Company’s assets and liabilities are accounted for prospectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (continued)

In preparing the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company applied the critical judgements and estimates disclosed in note 3 of its audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

4. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company had eight reporting segments (June 30, 2015 – seven), including six operating segments located in Mexico, one retail market segment in Canada and one metal marketing segment in Europe. "Others" consists primarily of the Company's other development and exploration properties (Note 14), debt facilities (Note 17), prepayment facilities (Note 19), intercompany eliminations, and corporate expenses which are not allocated to operating segments.

All of the Company's operations are within the mining industry and its major products are precious metals doré and precious and base metals concentrates which are refined or smelted into pure silver, gold, lead and zinc and sold to global metal brokers. Transfer prices between reporting segments are set on an arms-length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. Coins and bullion cost of sales are based on transfer prices.

A reporting segment is defined as a component of the Company that:

- engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses;
- whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the entity's chief operating decision maker; and
- for which discrete financial information is available.

Management evaluates segment performance based on mine operating earnings. Therefore, other income and expense items are not allocated to the segments.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016					At June 30, 2016	
	Revenue	Cost of sales ⁽¹⁾	Depletion, depreciation and amortization	Mine operating earnings (loss)	Capital expenditures	Total assets	Total liabilities
Mexico							
Santa Elena ⁽²⁾	\$ 23,585	\$ 10,508	\$ 4,006	\$ 9,071	\$ 2,945	\$ 115,622	\$ 20,998
La Encantada	9,817	7,507	4,671	(2,361)	1,089	96,037	27,896
La Parrilla	11,147	6,392	4,756	(1)	1,286	175,242	50,901
Del Toro	8,138	5,272	3,429	(563)	1,373	160,134	24,050
San Martin	7,912	4,801	1,725	1,386	1,086	86,106	27,110
La Guitarra	5,546	3,697	1,213	636	1,067	60,051	9,149
Canada							
Coins and Bullion Sales	379	375	-	4	-	306	2
Europe							
Silver Sales	7	7	-	-	-	5,541	263
Others	(459)	(2,307)	79	1,769	1,094	141,331	81,973
Consolidated	\$ 66,072	\$ 36,252	\$ 19,879	\$ 9,941	\$ 9,940	\$ 840,370	\$ 242,342

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

4. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016					At June 30, 2016	
	Revenue	Cost of sales ⁽¹⁾	Depletion, depreciation and amortization	Mine operating earnings (loss)	Capital expenditures	Total assets	Total liabilities
Mexico							
Santa Elena ⁽²⁾	\$ 47,222	\$ 22,227	\$ 7,826	\$ 17,169	\$ 7,108	\$ 115,622	\$ 20,998
La Encantada	21,909	14,543	9,303	(1,937)	1,708	96,037	27,896
La Parrilla	22,038	11,826	9,504	708	2,766	175,242	50,901
Del Toro	14,286	9,564	7,088	(2,366)	2,271	160,134	24,050
San Martin	16,704	9,248	3,230	4,226	2,062	86,106	27,110
La Guitarra	9,853	6,237	2,645	971	2,244	60,051	9,149
Canada							
Coins and Bullion Sales	543	539	-	4	-	306	2
Europe							
Silver Sales	14,089	14,083	-	6	-	5,541	263
Others	(14,063)	(14,753)	161	529	1,317	141,331	81,973
Consolidated	\$ 132,581	\$ 73,514	\$ 39,757	\$ 19,310	\$ 19,476	\$ 840,370	\$ 242,342

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015					At December 31, 2015	
	Revenue	Cost of sales ⁽¹⁾	Depletion, depreciation and amortization	Mine operating earnings (loss)	Capital expenditures	Total assets	Total liabilities
Mexico							
Santa Elena ⁽²⁾	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 136,713	\$ 20,773
La Encantada	9,871	8,686	5,997	(4,812)	4,208	101,092	38,857
La Parrilla	12,502	8,877	4,244	(619)	4,026	179,108	29,506
Del Toro	14,251	7,623	3,406	3,222	3,825	165,587	27,164
San Martin	12,413	5,794	1,980	4,639	2,751	86,291	28,226
La Guitarra	4,436	2,361	1,702	373	2,106	56,351	11,920
Canada							
Coins and Bullion Sales	76	108	-	(32)	-	282	1
Europe							
Silver Sales	25,267	25,258	-	9	-	7,413	2,394
Others	(24,626)	(25,393)	106	661	449	56,863	86,140
Consolidated	\$ 54,190	\$ 33,314	\$ 17,435	\$ 3,441	\$ 17,365	\$ 789,700	\$ 244,981

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

4. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015				At December 31, 2015		
	Revenue	Cost of sales ⁽¹⁾	Depletion, depreciation and amortization	Mine operating earnings (loss)	Capital expenditures	Total assets	Total liabilities
Mexico							
Santa Elena ⁽²⁾	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 136,713	\$ 20,773
La Encantada	19,751	16,639	11,617	(8,505)	7,964	101,092	38,857
La Parrilla	24,881	17,099	8,770	(988)	8,349	179,108	29,506
Del Toro	32,320	15,990	6,547	9,783	7,120	165,587	27,164
San Martin	23,844	10,951	4,169	8,724	4,928	86,291	28,226
La Guitarra	7,842	4,870	3,360	(388)	3,739	56,351	11,920
Canada							
Coins and Bullion Sales	167	231	-	(64)	-	282	1
Europe							
Silver Sales	48,540	48,523	-	17	-	7,413	2,394
Others	(48,586)	(48,653)	209	(142)	1,024	56,863	86,140
Consolidated	\$ 108,759	\$ 65,650	\$ 34,672	\$ 8,437	\$ 33,124	\$ 789,700	\$ 244,981

(1) Cost of sales excludes depletion, depreciation and amortization.

(2) Santa Elena was acquired on October 1, 2015.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company had four (June 30, 2015 – four) major customers that account for 100% of its doré and concentrate sales revenue. The Company had three customers that accounted for 40%, 33%, and 27% of total revenue in 2016, and three customers that accounted for 57%, 18% and 17% of total revenue in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

5. REVENUES

Revenues from sale of metal, including by-products, are recorded net of smelting and refining costs. Precious metals contained in doré form are sold and priced on delivery to the customer. Metals in concentrate form are sold and provisionally priced on delivery. Final settlements are based on market price at a predetermined future date, typically one month after delivery.

Revenues for the period are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Gross revenue from payable metals:				
Silver	\$ 46,446	\$ 44,544	\$ 92,649	\$ 89,469
Gold	17,134	3,812	33,736	7,004
Lead	6,100	9,415	13,002	19,147
Zinc	2,771	3,446	6,053	8,408
Gross revenue	\$ 72,451	\$ 61,217	\$ 145,440	\$ 124,028
Less: smelting and refining costs	(6,379)	(7,027)	(12,859)	(15,269)
Revenues	\$ 66,072	\$ 54,190	\$ 132,581	\$ 108,759
Silver as % of gross revenue	64%	73%	64%	72%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

5. REVENUES (continued)

The Santa Elena mine has a purchase agreement with Sandstorm Gold Ltd. ("Sandstorm"), which requires the Company to sell 20% of its gold production over the life of mine from a designated area of its underground operations. The selling price is based on the lower of the prevailing market price or \$350 per ounce until fulfillment of 50,000 ounces, after which the price will increase to the lower of the prevailing market price or \$450 per ounce, subject to a 1% annual inflation commencing in April 2014.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company delivered 2,556 and 5,829 ounces of gold to Sandstorm, respectively, under the purchase agreement at an average price of \$359 per ounce, compared to the average market price of \$1,259 and \$1,221 per ounce during the three and six months period ended June 30, 2016. As at June 30, 2016, the Santa Elena mine has delivered 38,558 cumulative ounces of gold to Sandstorm.

6. COST OF SALES

Cost of sales excludes depletion, depreciation and amortization and are costs that are directly related to production and generation of revenues at the operating segments. Significant components of cost of sales are comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Production costs	\$ 35,901	\$ 31,008	\$ 69,625	\$ 60,632
Inventory changes	(1,234)	333	216	1,044
Cost of goods sold	\$ 34,667	\$ 31,341	\$ 69,841	\$ 61,676
Transportation and other selling costs	1,112	1,241	2,318	2,717
Workers participation costs	333	338	464	342
Environmental duties and royalties	342	308	661	638
Other costs	(202)	86	230	277
	\$ 36,252	\$ 33,314	\$ 73,514	\$ 65,650

7. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses are incurred to support the administration of the business that are not directly related to production. Significant components of general and administrative expenses are comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Corporate administration	\$ 1,184	\$ 931	\$ 2,058	\$ 1,894
Salaries and benefits	2,033	2,191	4,058	4,293
Audit, legal and professional fees	823	644	1,311	1,420
Filing and listing fees	89	83	220	212
Directors fees and expenses	176	192	344	379
Depreciation	166	188	355	370
	\$ 4,471	\$ 4,229	\$ 8,346	\$ 8,568

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

8. INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCOME (LOSS)

The Company's investment and other income (loss) are comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Gain (loss) from investment in marketable securities (Note 13(a))	\$ 4,578	\$ (120)	\$ 5,595	\$ 8
(Loss) gain from fair value adjustment of prepayment facilities (Note 19)	-	(245)	(1,255)	223
Interest income and other	327	187	521	189
Equity loss on investment in associates	-	(296)	-	(369)
(Loss) gain from investment in derivatives	-	(871)	-	396
	\$ 4,905	\$ (1,345)	\$ 4,861	\$ 447

9. FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs are primarily related to interest and accretion expense on the Company's prepayment facilities, debt facilities and finance leases. The Company's finance costs in the period are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Debt facilities (Note 17)	\$ 639	\$ -	\$ 993	\$ -
Finance leases (Note 18)	226	372	492	787
Prepayment facilities (Note 19)	-	816	261	1,729
Loss on early settlement of prepayment facilities (Note 19)	-	-	3,506	-
Silver sales and other	54	54	145	149
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	214	192	431	389
	\$ 1,133	\$ 1,434	\$ 5,828	\$ 3,054

10. EARNINGS OR LOSS PER SHARE

Basic net earnings or loss per share is the net earnings or loss available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net earnings per share adjusts basic net earnings per share for the effects of dilutive potential common shares.

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are based on the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net earnings (loss) for the period	\$ 6,105	\$ (2,578)	\$ (1,328)	\$ (3,683)
Weighted average number of shares on issue - basic	159,503,990	121,097,717	157,598,211	119,355,855
Adjustment for stock options	4,021,196	-	-	-
Weighted average number of shares on issue - diluted ⁽¹⁾	163,525,186	121,097,717	157,598,211	119,355,855
Earnings (loss) per share - basic	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)
Earnings (loss) per share - diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)

(1) Diluted weighted average number of shares excludes 2,873,020 and 5,211,164 (2015 – 8,458,013) options that were anti-dilutive for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables of the Company are comprised of:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Trade receivables	\$ 5,203	\$ 3,249
Value added taxes and other taxes receivable	16,929	19,674
Other	1,636	1,568
	\$ 23,768	\$ 24,491

At June 30, 2016, value added taxes (“VAT”) receivable included \$8.9 million (2015 - \$11.1 million) of monthly VAT filings of Nusantara, a subsidiary of the recently acquired SilverCrest Mines Inc. (“SilverCrest”), that were delayed due to a prior audit from the Mexican tax authorities. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company collected \$4.5 million of the outstanding balance of value added taxes related to the audit of Nusantara. The Company is now proceeding to file the remaining VAT claims for the period from September 2015 to June 2016. The Company believes the balance is fully recoverable within the next twelve months and, therefore, has not provided an allowance against this balance nor reclassified the balance as non-current.

At June 30, 2016, other receivables include a total amount of \$1.2 million (2015 - \$1.1 million) receivable from First Mining Finance Corp. (“First Mining”), a related party, which is repayable on demand and bears an interest rate of 9% per annum. In July 2016, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with First Mining to settle \$0.5 million of the balance in common shares of First Mining at a deemed price of CAD\$0.80 per share, and the remaining balance in twelve equal monthly cash payments.

12. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist primarily of materials and supplies and products of the Company’s operations, in varying stages of the production process, and are presented at the lower of weighted average cost or net realizable value. Inventories of the Company are comprised of:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Finished goods - doré and concentrates	\$ 2,582	\$ 3,194
Work-in-process	1,495	1,282
Stockpile	274	93
Silver coins and bullion	230	212
Materials and supplies	17,021	17,423
	\$ 21,602	\$ 22,204

The amount of inventories recognized as an expense during the period is equivalent to the total of cost of sales plus depletion, depreciation and amortization for the period. As at June 30, 2016, mineral inventories, which consist of stockpile, work-in-process and finished goods, include a \$0.1 million (December 31, 2015 - \$0.8 million) write-down which was recognized in cost of sales during the period.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

13. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

As at June 30, 2016, other financial assets consist of the Company's investment in marketable securities and foreign exchange derivatives.

(a) Marketable Securities – Fair Value Through Profit and Loss

These marketable securities are classified as financial assets, with changes in fair value recorded through profit or loss.

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Fair Value through Profit and Loss		
First Mining Finance Corp. (TSX.V: FF)	\$ 8,476	\$ 3,564
Sprott Physical Silver Trust (NYSE: PSLV)	2,901	2,108
SilverCrest Metals Inc. (TSX.V: SIL)	-	29
	\$ 11,377	\$ 5,701
Available for sale marketable securities	\$ 1,222	\$ -
Total marketable securities	\$ 12,599	\$ 5,701

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recognized an unrealized gain of \$4.6 million (2015 – loss of \$0.1 million) and \$5.6 million (2015 - \$nil million), respectively, related to fair value adjustments to its FVTPL marketable securities. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recognized a \$0.2 million unrealized gain (2015 - \$nil) on marketable securities through other comprehensive income.

(b) Foreign Exchange Derivatives

As at June 30, 2016, the Company carried foreign exchange forward contracts, with expiries from July to September 2016, to hedge its exposure on the Mexican peso. These forward contracts have a fair value of \$0.4 million as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015 – liability of \$0.3 million) based on market quoted price.

14. MINING INTERESTS

Mining interests primarily consist of acquisition, exploration, development and field support costs directly related to the Company's operations and projects. Upon commencement of commercial production, mining interests for producing properties are depleted on a units-of-production basis over the estimated economic life of the mine. In applying the units of production method, depletion is determined using quantity of material extracted from the mine in the period as a portion of total quantity of material, based on reserves and resources, considered to be highly probable to be economically extracted over the life of mine plan.

The Company's mining interests are comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Producing properties	\$ 301,048	\$ 309,295
Exploration properties (non-depletable)	81,336	78,042
	\$ 382,384	\$ 387,337

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

14. MINING INTERESTS (continued)

Producing properties are allocated as follows:

Producing properties	Santa Elena	La Encantada	La Parrilla	Del Toro	San Martin	La Guitarra	Total
Cost							
At December 31, 2014	\$ -	\$ 72,491	\$ 125,559	\$ 61,913	\$ 67,327	\$ 66,259	\$ 393,549
Acquired from SilverCrest	15,519	-	-	-	-	-	15,519
Additions	2,240	5,002	9,115	8,427	5,115	6,340	36,239
Change in decommissioning liabilities	(105)	(195)	(406)	(3)	(34)	(119)	(862)
Transfer from exploration properties	-	4,177	7,656	17,606	7,588	17,397	54,424
At December 31, 2015	\$ 17,654	\$ 81,475	\$ 141,924	\$ 87,943	\$ 79,996	\$ 89,877	\$ 498,869
Additions	4,578	859	1,740	1,063	1,287	1,317	10,844
At June 30, 2016	\$ 22,232	\$ 82,334	\$ 143,664	\$ 89,006	\$ 81,283	\$ 91,194	\$ 509,713
Accumulated depletion and impairment							
At December 31, 2014	\$ -	\$ (14,549)	\$ (24,816)	\$ (12,402)	\$ (30,687)	\$ (34,696)	\$ (117,150)
Depletion and amortization	(544)	(15,019)	(7,287)	(5,898)	(2,953)	(5,509)	(37,210)
Impairment	-	(12,543)	(5,803)	(2,212)	-	(14,656)	(35,214)
At December 31, 2015	\$ (544)	\$ (42,111)	\$ (37,906)	\$ (20,512)	\$ (33,640)	\$ (54,861)	\$ (189,574)
Depletion and amortization	(1,207)	(5,151)	(5,563)	(3,343)	(1,795)	(2,032)	(19,091)
At June 30, 2016	\$ (1,751)	\$ (47,262)	\$ (43,469)	\$ (23,855)	\$ (35,435)	\$ (56,893)	\$ (208,665)
Carrying values							
At December 31, 2015	\$ 17,110	\$ 39,364	\$ 104,018	\$ 67,431	\$ 46,356	\$ 35,016	\$ 309,295
At June 30, 2016	\$ 20,481	\$ 35,072	\$ 100,195	\$ 65,151	\$ 45,848	\$ 34,301	\$ 301,048

Exploration properties are allocated as follows:

Exploration properties	Santa Elena	La Encantada	La Parrilla	Del Toro	San Martin	La Guitarra	Other	Total
Cost								
At December 31, 2014	\$ -	\$ 8,345	\$ 15,261	\$ 35,310	\$ 15,175	\$ 34,794	\$ 37,379	\$ 146,264
Acquired from SilverCrest	-	-	-	-	-	-	432	432
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	-	1,879	1,188	2,046	461	380	1,308	7,262
Change in decommissioning liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	(266)	(266)
Impairment	-	(1,456)	(463)	(635)	-	(5,233)	(13,439)	(21,226)
Transfer to producing properties	-	(4,177)	(7,656)	(17,606)	(7,588)	(17,397)	-	(54,424)
At December 31, 2015	\$ -	\$ 4,591	\$ 8,330	\$ 19,115	\$ 8,048	\$ 12,544	\$ 25,414	\$ 78,042
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	138	304	504	554	627	317	850	3,294
At June 30, 2016	\$ 138	\$ 4,895	\$ 8,834	\$ 19,669	\$ 8,675	\$ 12,861	\$ 26,264	\$ 81,336

(a) Santa Elena Silver/Gold Mine, Sonora State

The Santa Elena Mine has a gold streaming agreement with Sandstorm, which requires the mine to sell 20% of its life of mine gold production from a designated area of its underground operations to Sandstorm. The selling price is based on the lower of the prevailing market price or \$350 per ounce until fulfillment of 50,000 ounces, after which the price will increase to the lower of the prevailing market price or \$450 per ounce, adjusted for a 1% annual inflation commencing in April 2014. As at June 30, 2016, the Santa Elena mine has delivered 38,559 cumulative ounces of gold to Sandstorm.

(b) La Parrilla Silver Mine, Durango State

The La Parrilla Silver Mine has a net smelter royalty ("NSR") agreement of 1.5% of sales revenue associated with the Quebradillas Mine within the La Parrilla mining complex, with a maximum cumulative payable of \$2.5 million. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company paid royalties of \$0.1 (2015 - \$0.1 million) and \$0.1 million (2015 - \$0.2 million), respectively. As at June 30, 2016, the NSR agreement has been fulfilled as total royalties paid to date for the Quebradillas NSR have reached \$2.5 million (December 31, 2015 - \$2.4 million).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

14. MINING INTERESTS (continued)

(c) Del Toro Silver Mine, Zacatecas State

In 2013, the Company entered into several option agreements to acquire six mineral properties adjacent to the Del Toro Silver Mine, consisting of 492 hectares of mineral rights. If fully exercised, total option payments will amount to \$3.3 million, of which \$2.9 million has been paid, and \$0.2 million is due in each of October 2016 and 2017.

(d) La Guitarra Silver Mine, State of Mexico

In 2014, the Company entered into two agreements to acquire 757 hectares of adjacent mineral rights at the La Guitarra Mine. The total purchase price amounted to \$5.4 million, of which \$5.2 million is settled in common shares of First Majestic and \$0.2 million in cash. As at June 30, 2016, the Company has paid \$3.9 million, consisting of \$0.2 million in cash and \$3.7 million in common shares. The remaining balance of \$1.5 million will be settled in three equal annual payments in October based on the Company's volume weighted average market price at the time of the payments.

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The majority of the Company's property, plant and equipment are used in the Company's six operating mine segments. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using either the straight-line or units-of-production method over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the expected life of mine. Where an item of property, plant and equipment comprises of major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment. Assets under construction are recorded at cost and re-allocated to machinery and equipment when they become available for use.

Property, plant and equipment are comprised of the following:

	Land and Buildings ⁽¹⁾	Machinery and Equipment ⁽²⁾	Assets under Construction	Other	Total
Cost					
At December 31, 2014	\$ 120,635	\$ 238,317	\$ 21,206	\$ 11,636	\$ 391,794
Acquired from SilverCrest	703	64,116	-	-	64,819
Additions	415	4,412	13,499	415	18,741
Transfers and disposals	6,531	9,203	(16,820)	331	(755)
At December 31, 2015	\$ 128,284	\$ 316,048	\$ 17,885	\$ 12,382	\$ 474,599
Additions	54	2,608	2,332	344	5,338
Transfers and disposals	1,600	4,400	(6,917)	58	(859)
At June 30, 2016	\$ 129,938	\$ 323,056	\$ 13,300	\$ 12,784	\$ 479,078
Accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment					
At December 31, 2014	\$ (29,574)	\$ (88,632)	\$ -	\$ (6,550)	\$ (124,756)
Depreciation and amortization	(4,976)	(29,791)	-	(1,533)	(36,300)
Transfers and disposals	(423)	(1,356)	-	(42)	(1,821)
Impairment	(25,536)	(26,395)	-	(50)	(51,981)
At December 31, 2015	\$ (60,509)	\$ (146,174)	\$ -	\$ (8,175)	\$ (214,858)
Depreciation and amortization	(2,395)	(18,095)	-	(591)	(21,081)
Transfers and disposals	-	235	-	2	237
At June 30, 2016	\$ (62,904)	\$ (164,034)	\$ -	\$ (8,764)	\$ (235,702)
Carrying values					
At December 31, 2015	\$ 67,775	\$ 169,874	\$ 17,885	\$ 4,207	\$ 259,741
At June 30, 2016	\$ 67,034	\$ 159,022	\$ 13,300	\$ 4,020	\$ 243,376

(1) Included in land and buildings is \$5.9 million (December 31, 2015 - \$8.2 million) of land which is not subject to depreciation.

(2) Included in property, plant and equipment is \$23.7 million (December 31, 2015 - \$25.5 million) of equipment under finance lease (Note 18).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Property, plant and equipment, including land and buildings, machinery and equipment, assets under construction and other assets above are allocated by mine as follow:

	Santa Elena	La Encantada	La Parrilla	Del Toro	San Martin	La Guitarra	Other	Total
Cost								
At December 31, 2014	\$ -	\$ 100,359	\$ 92,872	\$ 113,329	\$ 44,485	\$ 20,732	\$ 20,017	\$ 391,794
Acquired from SilverCrest	64,819	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,819
Additions	763	6,903	3,738	2,197	3,482	1,055	603	18,741
Transfers and disposals	-	1,815	(325)	(433)	(2,362)	542	8	(755)
At December 31, 2015	\$ 65,582	\$ 109,077	\$ 96,285	\$ 115,093	\$ 45,605	\$ 22,329	\$ 20,628	\$ 474,599
Additions	2,392	545	522	654	148	610	467	5,338
Transfers and disposals	18	1,150	(5,328)	1,974	(289)	320	1,296	(859)
At June 30, 2016	\$ 67,992	\$ 110,772	\$ 91,479	\$ 117,721	\$ 45,464	\$ 23,259	\$ 22,391	\$ 479,078
Accumulated depreciation and amortization and impairment								
At December 31, 2014	\$ -	\$ (36,939)	\$ (28,542)	\$ (24,684)	\$ (18,390)	\$ (12,056)	\$ (4,145)	\$ (124,756)
Depreciation and amortization	(2,935)	(11,546)	(8,809)	(5,456)	(5,003)	(1,205)	(1,346)	(36,300)
Transfers and disposals	-	(283)	(619)	(776)	280	(412)	(11)	(1,821)
Impairment	-	(14,545)	(3,687)	(24,580)	-	(2,549)	(6,620)	(51,981)
At December 31, 2015	\$ (2,935)	\$ (63,313)	\$ (41,657)	\$ (55,496)	\$ (23,113)	\$ (16,222)	\$ (12,122)	\$ (214,858)
Depreciation and amortization	(6,619)	(4,153)	(3,962)	(3,744)	(1,435)	(613)	(555)	(21,081)
Transfers and disposals	(2)	124	1,683	(1,019)	153	(214)	(488)	237
At June 30, 2016	\$ (9,556)	\$ (67,342)	\$ (43,936)	\$ (60,259)	\$ (24,395)	\$ (17,049)	\$ (13,165)	\$ (235,702)
Carrying values								
At December 31, 2015	\$ 62,647	\$ 45,764	\$ 54,628	\$ 59,597	\$ 22,492	\$ 6,107	\$ 8,506	\$ 259,741
At June 30, 2016	\$ 58,436	\$ 43,430	\$ 47,543	\$ 57,462	\$ 21,069	\$ 6,210	\$ 9,226	\$ 243,376

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

The Company's trade and other payables are primarily comprised of amounts outstanding for purchases relating to mining operations, exploration and evaluation activities and corporate office expenses. The normal credit period for these purchases is usually between 30 to 90 days.

Trade and other payables are comprised of the following items:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Trade payables	\$ 17,087	\$ 28,291
Accrued liabilities	10,171	13,608
	\$ 27,258	\$ 41,899

17. DEBT FACILITIES

In February 2016, the Company entered into an agreement with The Bank of Nova Scotia and Investec Bank PLC for a senior secured debt facility (the "Debt Facilities") consisting of a \$35.0 million term loan and a \$25.0 million revolving credit facility. The debt facilities are guaranteed by certain subsidiaries of the Company and are also secured by a first priority charge against the assets of the Company, and a first priority pledge of shares of the Company's subsidiaries.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

17. DEBT FACILITIES (continued)

The Debt Facilities include financial covenants, to be tested quarterly on a consolidated basis, requiring First Majestic to maintain the following: (a) a leverage ratio based on total debt to rolling four quarters adjusted EBITDA less 50% of sustaining capital expenditures of not more than 3.00 to 1.00; (b) an interest coverage ratio, based on rolling four quarters adjusted EBITDA divided by interest payments, of not less than 4.00 to 1.00; and (c) tangible net worth of not less than \$436.0 million plus 80% of its positive earnings subsequent to December 31, 2015. The Debt Facilities also provide for negative covenants customary for these types of facilities and allows the Company to enter into capital leases up to \$30.0 million.

Details of the Debt Facilities are as follow:

(a) Term loan

The \$35.0 million term loan is repayable in 11 equal quarterly instalments of \$3.2 million in principal plus related interest, with the first instalment due in August 2016. It bears an interest rate of LIBOR plus an applicable range from 3.25% to 4.00%, depending on certain financial parameters of the Company. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$0.3 million (2015 - \$nil) and \$0.5 million in interest (2015 - \$nil), respectively, related to the term loan at an effective interest rate of 6.3%. Proceeds from the term loan were primarily used to settle the prepayment facilities (Note 19).

(b) Revolving credit facility

The \$25.0 million revolving credit facility matures in three years on February 8, 2019 and bears the same interest rate as the term loan plus a relevant standby fee from 0.81% to 1.00% from the undrawn portion of the facility. Proceeds from the revolving credit facility were used to replace the prior SilverCrest's \$15.0 million credit facility that was due to expire in June 2016. As at June 30, 2016, \$16.1 million has been drawn from the facility, leaving \$8.9 million available for withdrawal. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$0.2 million (2015 - \$nil) and \$0.3 million in interest (2015 - \$nil), respectively, related to the revolving credit facility.

18. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Company has finance leases for various mine and plant equipment. These leases have terms of 36 to 60 months with interest rates ranging from 4.8% to 6.9%. Assets under finance leases are pledged as security against lease obligations. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments due under the Company's finance lease contracts:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Less than one year	\$ 9,359	\$ 10,441
More than one year but not more than five years	4,664	7,700
Gross payments	14,023	18,141
Less: future finance charges	(830)	(1,190)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 13,193	\$ 16,951
Statement of Financial Position Presentation		
Current portion of lease obligations	\$ 8,739	\$ 9,594
Non-current portion of lease obligations	4,454	7,357
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 13,193	\$ 16,951

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

19. PREPAYMENT FACILITIES

In February 2016, the Company settled its prepayment facilities with Bank of America Merrill Lynch (“BAML”) for \$31.6 million. As a result of the early settlement, the Company incurred \$3.5 million in accelerated interest and option payments.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, prior to the early settlement, the Company recorded an unrealized loss of \$1.3 million (2015 - gain of \$0.5 million) on the prepayment facilities and \$0.3 million (2015 – \$0.9 million) in interest expense.

20. INCOME TAXES

The following is a reconciliation of income taxes calculated at the combined Canadian federal and provincial statutory tax rate to the income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net earnings (loss) before tax	\$ 9,218	\$ (4,449)	\$ 10,570	\$ (3,717)
Combined statutory tax rate	26.00%	26.00%	26.00%	26.00%
Income tax expense computed at statutory tax rate	\$ 2,397	\$ (1,157)	\$ 2,748	\$ (966)
Reconciling items:				
Effect of different foreign statutory tax rates on earnings of subsidiaries	(334)	(501)	(478)	(745)
Impact of foreign exchange on deferred income tax assets and liabilities	(3,582)	(2,153)	(8,606)	940
Forfeited loss carryforwards due to deconsolidation tax liability credit ⁽²⁾	-	-	16,949	-
Change in unrecognized deferred income tax asset ⁽¹⁾	4,475	(11)	(5,416)	(436)
7.5% mining royalty in Mexico	(510)	956	2,704	(45)
Other non-deductible expenses	534	1,034	716	1,230
Impact of inflationary adjustments	(591)	542	1,797	649
Other	724	(581)	1,484	(661)
Income tax expense (recovery)	\$ 3,113	\$ (1,871)	\$ 11,898	\$ (34)
Current income tax expense	\$ 924	\$ 1,269	\$ 1,872	\$ 1,412
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	2,189	(3,140)	10,026	(1,446)
Income tax expense (recovery)	\$ 3,113	\$ (1,871)	\$ 11,898	\$ (34)

- (1) In November 2015, the Mexican Tax Authorities enacted a new 2016 Mexican Tax Reform which introduced a provision that enables companies to settle a portion of its tax deconsolidation liability against past loss carryforwards that were reinstated by virtue of the Mexican Tax Reform of 2013. To claim this credit, the Company applied its past loss carryforwards at a discounted rate of 15% as compared to the Mexican corporate tax rate of 30%.
- (2) In March 2016, the Company elected to apply this new provision to reduce its deconsolidation tax liability by \$14.7 million. As the Company was carrying these tax loss carryforwards as a deferred tax asset valued at \$21.4 million, this effectively resulted in a one-time net \$6.7 million deferred tax expense related to the value of tax loss carryforwards being written off during the period.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

21. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized and issued capital

The Company has unlimited authorized common shares with no par value. The movement in the Company's issued and outstanding capital during the period is summarized in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

In May 2016, the Company closed a private placement with a syndicate of underwriters by issuing an aggregate of 5,250,900 common shares at a price of CAD\$10.95 per common share for gross proceeds of \$44.7 million (CAD\$57.5 million), or net proceeds of \$42.7 million after share issuance costs.

In April 2015, the Company closed a private placement by issuing an aggregate of 4,620,000 common shares at a price of CAD\$6.50 per common share for gross proceeds of \$24.5 million (CAD\$30.0 million), or net proceeds of \$23.0 million (CAD\$28.1 million) after share issuance costs.

(b) Stock options

Under the terms of the Company's Stock Option Plan, the maximum number of shares reserved for issuance under the Plan is 10% of the issued shares on a rolling basis. Options may be exercisable over periods of up to five years as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company and the exercise price shall not be less than the closing price of the shares on the day preceding the award date, subject to regulatory approval. All stock options granted are subject to vesting with 25% vesting on first anniversary from the date of grant, and 25% vesting each six months thereafter.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding as at June 30, 2016:

Exercise prices (CAD\$)	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable		
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price (CAD\$/Share)	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price (CAD\$/Share)	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)
2.01 - 5.00	2,981,580	4.78	4.51	-	-	-
5.01 - 10.00	3,554,747	6.55	3.12	1,663,365	6.67	2.69
10.01 - 15.00	2,090,930	10.76	2.60	1,533,328	10.72	2.56
15.01 - 20.00	1,335,900	16.60	0.70	1,265,900	16.63	0.46
20.01 - 25.40	1,546,216	21.66	1.46	1,546,216	21.66	1.46
	11,509,373	10.05	2.88	6,008,809	13.66	1.87

The movements in stock options issued during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and the year ended December 31, 2015 are summarized as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016		Year Ended December 31, 2015	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price (CAD\$/Share)	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price (CAD\$/Share)
Balance, beginning of the period	10,416,254	11.05	6,084,458	15.24
Granted	3,076,002	5.18	5,346,702	6.35
Exercised	(1,610,176)	6.89	-	-
Cancelled or expired	(372,707)	11.28	(1,014,906)	11.43
Balance, end of the period	11,509,373	10.05	10,416,254	11.05

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

21. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(b) Stock options (continued)

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the aggregate fair value of stock options granted was CAD\$5.4 million (2015 - CAD\$6.5 million), or a weighted average fair value of CAD\$1.75 per stock option granted (2015 - CAD\$1.21).

The following weighted average assumptions were used in estimating the fair value of stock options granted using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model:

Assumption	Based on	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015
Risk-free interest rate (%)	Yield curves on Canadian government zero-coupon bonds with a remaining term equal to the stock options' expected life	0.59	0.80
Expected life (years)	Average of the expected vesting term and expiry term of the option	3.38	2.40
Expected volatility (%)	Historical and implied volatility of the precious metals mining sector	46.20	45.07
Expected dividend yield (%)	Annualized dividend rate as of the date of grant	0.00	0.00

The weighted average closing share price at date of exercise for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was CAD\$13.48. No options were exercised in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial instruments and related risk management objectives, policies, exposures and sensitivity related to financial risks are summarized below.

(a) Fair value and categories of financial instruments

Financial instruments included in the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position are measured either at fair value or amortized cost. Estimated fair values for financial instruments are designed to approximate amounts for which the instruments could be exchanged in an arm's-length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties.

The Company uses various valuation techniques in determining the fair value of financial assets and liabilities based on the extent to which the fair value is observable. The following fair value hierarchy is used to categorize and disclose the Company's financial assets and liabilities held at fair value for which a valuation technique is used:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: All inputs which have a significant effect on the fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full contractual term.

Level 3: Inputs which have a significant effect on the fair value are not based on observable market data.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Fair value and categories of financial instruments (continued)

The table below summarizes the valuation methods used to determine the fair value of each financial instrument:

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value	Valuation Method
Cash equivalents (short-term investments)	Assumed to approximate carrying value
Trade receivables (related to concentrate sales)	Receivables that are subject to provisional pricing and final price adjustment at the end of the quotational period are estimated based on observable forward price of metal per London Metal Exchange (Level 2)
Marketable securities Silver futures derivatives Foreign exchange derivatives	Based on quoted market prices for identical assets in an active market (Level 1) as at the date of statements of financial position
Financial Instruments Measured at Amortized Costs	Valuation Method
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Trade and other payables	Approximated carrying value due to their short-term nature
Finance leases Debt facilities	Assumed to approximate carrying value

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value:

	June 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
	Carrying value	Fair value measurement		Carrying value	Fair value measurement	
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 1	Level 2
Financial assets						
Trade receivables	\$ 4,218	\$ -	\$ 4,218	\$ 2,233	\$ -	\$ 2,233
Marketable securities	12,599	12,599	-	5,701	5,701	-
Foreign exchange derivatives	374	374	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Prepayment facilities	-	-	-	31,242	(1,750)	32,992

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and year ended December 31, 2015.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to maintain financial flexibility to continue as a going concern while optimizing growth and maximizing returns of investments from shareholders.

The Company monitors its capital structure and, based on changes in operations and economic conditions, may adjust the structure by repurchasing shares, issuing new shares, issuing new debt or retiring existing debt. The Company prepares annual budget and quarterly forecasts to facilitate the management of its capital requirements. The annual budget is approved by the Company's Board of Directors.

The capital of the Company consists of equity (comprising of issued capital, equity reserves and retained earnings or accumulated deficit), debt facilities, prepayment facilities, lease obligations, net of cash and cash equivalents as follows:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Equity	\$ 598,028	\$ 544,719
Debt facilities	50,206	15,000
Lease obligations	13,193	16,951
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(108,204)	(51,018)
Prepayment facilities	-	31,242
	\$ 553,223	\$ 556,894

The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash in highly liquid short-term investments with maturities of 90 days or less, selected with regards to the expected timing of expenditures from continuing operations. The Company expects that its available capital resources will be sufficient to carry out its development plans and operations for at least the next 12 months.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements with the exception of complying with covenants under the debt facilities (Note 17). As at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

(c) Financial risk management

The Company thoroughly examines the various financial instruments and risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks. These risks may include credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, commodity price risk, and interest rate risk. Where material, these risks are reviewed and monitored by the Board of Directors.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer or counterparty fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk relates primarily to trade receivables in the ordinary course of business and VAT and other receivables (Note 11).

The Company sells and receives payment upon delivery of its silver doré and by-products primarily through four international customers. Additionally, silver-lead concentrates and related base metal by-products are sold primarily through two international organizations with good credit ratings. Payments of receivables are scheduled, routine and received within 60 days of submission; therefore, the balance of trade receivables owed to the Company in the ordinary course of business is not significant.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the consolidated financial statements represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk. With the exception to the above, the Company believes it is not exposed to significant credit risk.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(c) Financial risk management (continued)

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they arise. The Company has in place a planning and budgeting process to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements and contractual obligations.

The following table summarizes the maturities of the Company's financial liabilities and commitments based on the undiscounted contractual cash flows:

	Carrying Amount as at June 30, 2016	Contractual Cash Flows	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	After 5 years
Trade and other payables	\$ 27,258	\$ 27,258	\$ 27,258	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Debt facilities	50,206	55,281	14,648	40,633	-	-
Finance lease obligations	13,193	14,023	9,359	4,604	60	-
	\$ 90,657	\$ 96,562	\$ 51,265	\$ 45,237	\$ 60	\$ -

At June 30, 2016, the Company had working capital of \$119.1 million (December 31, 2015 – \$15.6 million). The Company believes it has sufficient cash on hand, combined with cash flows from operations, to meet operating requirements as they arise for at least the next 12 months.

Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily relating to financial instruments that are denominated in Canadian dollars or Mexican pesos, which would impact the Company's net earnings or loss. To manage foreign exchange risk, the Company may occasionally enter into short-term foreign currency derivatives. The foreign currency derivatives are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes.

The sensitivity of the Company's net earnings or loss and comprehensive income or loss due to changes in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar is included in the table below:

	June 30, 2016						
	Cash and cash equivalents	Trade and other receivables	Other financial assets	Trade and other payables	Foreign exchange derivative	Net assets (liabilities) exposure	Effect of +/- 10% change in currency
Canadian dollar	\$ 51,060	\$ 1,241	\$ 8,476	\$ (942)	\$ -	\$ 59,835	\$ 5,984
Mexican peso	1,388	17,324	-	(12,835)	18,000	23,877	2,388
	\$ 52,448	\$ 18,565	\$ 8,476	\$ (13,777)	\$ 18,000	\$ 83,712	\$ 8,372

	December 31, 2015						
	Cash and cash equivalents	Trade and other receivables	Other financial assets	Trade and other payables	Foreign exchange derivative	Net assets (liabilities) exposure	Effect of +/- 10% change in currency
Canadian dollar	\$ 1,980	\$ 1,297	\$ -	\$ (1,027)	\$ -	\$ 2,250	\$ 225
Mexican peso	1,894	20,643	-	(18,258)	3,675	7,954	795
	\$ 3,874	\$ 21,940	\$ -	\$ (19,285)	\$ 3,675	\$ 10,204	\$ 1,020

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(c) Financial risk management (continued)

Commodity Price Risk

The Company is exposed to commodity price risk on silver, gold, lead and zinc, which have a direct and immediate impact on the value of its related financial instruments and net earnings. The Company's revenues are directly dependent on commodity prices that have shown volatility and are beyond the Company's control. The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge its commodity price risk to silver.

The following table summarizes the Company's exposure to commodity price risk and their impact on net earnings:

	June 30, 2016				
	Effect of +/- 10% change in metal prices				
	Silver	Gold	Lead	Zinc	
Metals subject to provisional price adjustments	\$ 551	\$ 97	\$ 194	\$ 53	\$ 895
Metals in doré and concentrates inventory	180	80	45	16	321
	\$ 731	\$ 177	\$ 239	\$ 69	\$ 1,216

	December 31, 2015				
	Effect of +/- 10% change in metal prices				
	Silver	Gold	Lead	Zinc	
Metals subject to provisional price adjustments	\$ 428	\$ 44	\$ 201	\$ 77	\$ 750
Metals in doré and concentrates inventory	174	198	36	18	426
Prepayment facilities	-	-	(2,833)	(480)	(3,313)
	\$ 602	\$ 242	\$ (2,596)	\$ (385)	\$ (2,137)

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its short-term investments and debt facilities. The Company monitors its exposure to interest rates and has not entered into any derivative contracts to manage this risk. The Company's interest bearing financial assets comprise of cash and cash equivalents which bear interest at a mixture of variable and fixed rates for pre-set periods of time.

As at June 30, 2016, the Company's exposure to interest rate risk on interest bearing liabilities is limited to its debt facilities. The Company's finance leases bear interest at fixed rates.

Based on the Company's interest rate exposure at June 30, 2016, a change of 25 basis points increase or decrease of market interest rate does not have a significant impact on net earnings or loss.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements - Unaudited

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars)

23. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Note	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to operating cash flows before movements in working capital:					
(Gain) loss from silver derivatives and marketable securities	13	\$ (4,578)	\$ 991	\$ (5,595)	\$ (404)
(Gain) loss on fair value adjustment on prepayment facilities	19	-	(94)	586	(1,312)
Equity loss on investment in associates		-	296	-	369
Unrealized foreign exchange gain and other		(3,409)	(897)	(5,267)	(2,423)
		\$ (7,987)	\$ 296	\$ (10,276)	\$ (3,770)
Net change in non-cash working capital items:					
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables		\$ 733	\$ 1,348	\$ 724	\$ (617)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(1,485)	546	554	1,504
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and other		470	286	46	(461)
(Decrease) increase in income taxes payable		(1,321)	2,974	(2,198)	3,561
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables		(5,513)	1,397	(7,527)	(5,769)
		\$ (7,116)	\$ 6,551	\$ (8,401)	\$ (1,782)

	Note	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Non-cash investing and financing activities:					
Assets acquired by finance lease		\$ (384)	\$ (633)	\$ (1,349)	\$ (1,590)
Settlement of other liabilities with common shares		-	-	(253)	-
		\$ (384)	\$ (633)	\$ (1,602)	\$ (1,590)

24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following significant events occurred subsequent to June 30, 2016:

- 1,461,407 stock options were exercised for proceeds of \$10.7 million (CAD\$14.0 million); and
- 57,500 stock options with a five year expiry and an average exercise price of CAD\$18.10 were granted.

Pursuant to the above subsequent events, the Company has 163,986,005 common shares outstanding as at the date on which these consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (see Note 2).



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of First Majestic Silver Corp. ("First Majestic" or "the Company") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS"). All dollar amounts are expressed in United States ("US") dollars and tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise indicated. Certain amounts shown in this MD&A may not add exactly to total amounts due to rounding differences. This MD&A contains "forward-looking statements" that are subject to risk factors set out in a cautionary note contained at the end of this MD&A. All information contained in this MD&A is current and has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company as of August 9, 2016 unless otherwise stated.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

First Majestic is a mining company focused on silver production in México, pursuing the development of its existing mineral property assets and acquiring new assets. During the quarter ended June 30, 2016, the Company owned and operated six producing silver mines: the Santa Elena Silver/Gold Mine, La Encantada Silver Mine, La Parrilla Silver Mine, Del Toro Silver Mine, San Martin Silver Mine and the La Guitarra Silver Mine. First Majestic is publicly listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AG", on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "FR", on the Mexican Stock Exchange under the symbol "AG" and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol "FMV".

2016 SECOND QUARTER PERFORMANCE

Key Performance Metrics	2016-Q2	2016-Q1	Change	2015-Q2	Change	2016-YTD	2015-YTD	Change
Operational								
Ore Processed / Tonnes Milled	798,182	789,591	1%	662,637	20%	1,587,774	1,294,247	23%
Silver Ounces Produced	2,844,930	3,074,173	(7%)	2,716,503	5%	5,919,103	5,493,357	8%
Silver Equivalent Ounces Produced	4,681,608	5,083,095	(8%)	3,802,558	23%	9,764,704	7,707,828	27%
Cash Costs per Ounce ⁽¹⁾	\$6.41	\$5.00	28%	\$8.74	(27%)	\$5.68	\$8.48	(33%)
All-in Sustaining Cost per Ounce ⁽¹⁾	\$10.97	\$8.97	22%	\$14.49	(24%)	\$9.93	\$14.18	(30%)
Total Production Cost per Tonne ⁽¹⁾	\$44.97	\$42.72	5%	\$46.80	(4%)	\$43.85	\$46.85	(6%)
Average Realized Silver Price per Ounce (\$/eq. oz.) ⁽¹⁾	\$17.01	\$15.08	13%	\$16.99	0%	\$15.99	\$17.02	(6%)
Financial (in \$millions)								
Revenues	\$66.1	\$66.5	(1%)	\$54.2	22%	\$132.6	\$108.8	22%
Mine Operating Earnings ⁽²⁾	\$9.9	\$9.4	6%	\$3.4	189%	\$19.3	\$8.4	129%
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	\$9.2	\$1.4	582%	(\$4.4)	307%	\$0.0	\$0.0	0%
Net Earnings (Loss)	\$6.1	(\$7.4)	182%	(\$2.6)	337%	(\$1.3)	(\$3.7)	64%
Operating Cash Flows before Working Capital and Taxes ⁽²⁾	\$23.5	\$25.0	(6%)	\$16.4	43%	\$48.5	\$33.8	44%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$108.2	\$61.7	75%	\$37.7	187%	\$108.2	\$37.7	187%
Working Capital (Deficit) ⁽¹⁾	\$119.1	\$57.8	106%	(\$0.9)	13335%	\$119.1	(\$0.9)	13335%
Shareholders								
Earnings (Loss) per Share ("EPS") - Basic	\$0.04	(\$0.05)	180%	(\$0.02)	280%	(\$0.01)	(\$0.03)	73%
Adjusted EPS ⁽¹⁾ (see page 35)	\$0.03	\$0.03	2%	(\$0.03)	216%	\$0.06	(\$0.03)	306%
Cash Flow per Share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.15	\$0.16	(8%)	\$0.14	8%	\$0.31	\$0.28	9%

(1) The Company reports non-GAAP measures which include cash costs per ounce produced, all-in sustaining cost per ounce, total production cost per tonne, average realized silver price per ounce sold, working capital, adjusted EPS and cash flow per share. These measures are widely used in the mining industry as a benchmark for performance, but do not have a standardized meaning and may differ from methods used by other companies with similar descriptions. See "Non-GAAP Measures" on pages 32 to 36 for a reconciliation of non-GAAP to GAAP measures.

(2) The Company reports additional GAAP measures which include mine operating earnings and operating cash flows before working capital and taxes. These additional financial measures are intended to provide additional information and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. See "Additional GAAP Measures" on page 36.

2016 SECOND QUARTER HIGHLIGHTS

Second Quarter Production Summary	Santa Elena	La Encantada	La Parrilla	Del Toro	San Martin	La Guitarra	Consolidated
Ore Processed / Tonnes Milled	245,753	209,039	157,871	80,739	69,863	34,917	798,182
Silver Ounces Produced	605,615	622,321	599,526	399,520	411,686	206,262	2,844,930
Silver Equivalent Ounces Produced	1,559,410	623,070	948,552	682,443	492,669	375,464	4,681,608
Cash Costs per Ounce	(\$2.86)	\$12.41	\$7.33	\$7.90	\$8.67	\$5.93	\$6.41
All-in Sustaining Cost per Ounce	\$1.81	\$13.85	\$9.43	\$10.05	\$10.20	\$10.34	\$10.97
Total Production Cost per Tonne	\$43.89	\$35.13	\$37.12	\$52.95	\$65.75	\$87.01	\$44.97

Operational

- In the second quarter, the Company produced 4,681,608 silver equivalent ounces, a decrease of 8% compared to the first quarter of 2016. The decrease in production was primarily attributed to an 8% decrease in average silver grades due to lower grades at the La Encantada and Santa Elena mines.
- Cash cost per ounce in the quarter was \$6.41, an increase of 28% or \$1.41 per ounce compared to the previous quarter. The increase in cash cost per ounce was primarily the result of lower silver grades at the La Encantada and Santa Elena mines, as well as lower lead grades at the La Parrilla mine during the quarter. Compared to the same quarter of the prior year, cash cost per ounce decreased by 27% or \$2.33 per ounce. The improvement was a result of the acquisition of the Santa Elena mine in the fourth quarter of 2015, as well as ongoing company-wide cost reduction efforts and a focus on producing profitable ounces.
- All-in sustaining cost per ounce ("AISC") in the second quarter was \$10.97, an increase of 22% or \$2.00 per ounce compared to the previous quarter but is well below the annual guidance of \$12.29 to \$13.36 per ounce. The increase in AISC was primarily attributed to increases in cash cost per ounce and general and administrative expenses incurred in the second quarter.

Financial

- Generated revenues of \$66.1 million in the quarter, an increase of 22% or \$11.9 million compared to the second quarter of 2015 primarily due to 22% increase in silver equivalent ounces sold as a result of production from the Santa Elena mine, which was acquired in October 2015. For the six months ended June 30, 2016, even though the average realized silver price was \$1.03 per ounce lower than in the previous year, revenue increased by 22% as a result of a 29% increase in silver equivalent ounces sold.
- The Company recognized mine operating earnings of \$9.9 million compared to mine operating earnings of \$3.4 million in the second quarter of 2015. The increase in mine operating earnings was primarily driven by an increase in production levels and a decrease in production costs.
- Earnings before income taxes were \$9.2 million in the second quarter, compared to a loss of \$4.4 million in the same quarter of the prior year, primarily due to an increase in mine operating earnings and a \$4.6 million unrealized gain on the Company's investment in marketable securities.
- Cash flow from operations before movements in working capital and income taxes in the quarter was \$23.5 million (\$0.15 per share) compared to \$16.4 million (\$0.14 per share) in the second quarter of 2015.
- The Company generated net earnings of \$6.1 million (earnings per share of \$0.04) compared to a net loss of \$2.6 million (loss per share of \$0.02) in the second quarter of 2015.
- Cash and cash equivalents increased from \$61.7 million to \$108.2 million during the second quarter, while working capital improved from \$57.8 million to \$119.1 million.

Corporate Developments

- On May 12, 2016, the Company closed a CAD\$57.5 million bought-deal private placement with a syndicate of underwriters for the issuance of 5,250,900 common shares at a price of CAD\$10.95 per common share.
- On July 12, 2016, the Company entered into a debt settlement agreement with First Mining Finance Corp. ("First Mining") to settle \$1.2 million in loan receivables. Pursuant to the agreement, First Mining will settle \$0.5 million of the debt through issuance of 820,440 of its common shares at a deemed price of CAD\$0.80 per share. The remaining balance of \$0.7 million will be paid in cash in twelve equal monthly cash payments.

2016 PRODUCTION OUTLOOK AND COST GUIDANCE UPDATE

This section provides management's production outlook and cost guidance for the remainder of 2016. These are forward-looking estimates and are subject to the cautionary note regarding the risks associated with relying on forward-looking statements at the end of this MD&A. Actual results may vary based on production throughputs, grades, recoveries and changes in economic circumstances.

The Company is updating its 2016 annual silver production estimate to be in the range of 10.7 million to 11.9 million ounces, or 16.8 million to 18.7 million silver equivalent ounces, compared to the previous guidance of 12.0 million to 13.3 million ounces of silver, or 17.8 million to 19.8 million silver equivalent ounces. The 11% decrease in silver production is primarily due to lower throughput rates at Del Toro and La Guitarra compared to prior estimates. Silver equivalent ounces were also revised to reflect the effect of an increase in silver price on equivalent ounces from other by-product metals. Annual cash cost is now expected to be within the range of \$5.40 to \$6.00 per payable silver ounce, a 23% reduction compared to the previous guidance of \$7.11 to \$7.60 per ounce. AISC is also expected to decrease to \$11.50 to \$12.35 per payable silver ounce, a 7% reduction compared to the original guidance of \$12.29 to \$13.36 per ounce.

The table below details the Company's updated production and cost guidance on a mine-by-mine basis:

Mine	Silver Oz (^{'000s})	Silver Eqv Oz ⁽¹⁾ (^{'000s})	Cash Cost ⁽³⁾ (\$/oz)	AISC ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (\$/oz)
Santa Elena	2,160 - 2,400	5,400 - 6,000	(\$4.04) - (\$3.54)	\$1.77 - \$2.64
La Encantada	2,520 - 2,800	2,520 - 2,800	\$10.20 - \$10.93	\$12.21 - \$13.08
La Parrilla	2,250 - 2,500	3,420 - 3,800	\$5.99 - \$6.49	\$9.98 - \$10.68
Del Toro	1,350 - 1,500	2,250 - 2,500	\$7.51 - \$8.01	\$11.48 - \$12.17
San Martin	1,710 - 1,900	1,980 - 2,200	\$7.37 - \$7.87	\$10.50 - \$11.21
La Guitarra	720 - 800	1,260 - 1,400	\$6.44 - \$7.16	\$18.34 - \$19.93
Consolidated	10,710 - 11,900	16,830 - 18,700	\$5.40 - \$6.00	\$11.50 - \$12.35

(1) Metal price assumptions for calculation of silver equivalent ounces are based on: silver \$20.00/oz; gold \$1,350/oz; lead \$0.80/lb; and zinc \$1.00/lb.

(2) Consolidated AISC includes general and administrative cost estimates of \$1.36 to \$1.45 per payable silver ounce, share-based payments expense of \$0.36 to \$0.38 per ounce and accretion of decommissioning liabilities of \$0.08 per ounce.

(3) Currency assumption of 18.5:1 MXP:USD used for purposes of cash cost and AISC estimates.

With proceeds from the CAD\$57.5 million private placement completed in May 2016, the Company plans to expand its development and exploration program budget by \$20.9 million in the second half of the year, including an increase in planned development and exploration metres of 51% and 71%, respectively. The expanded development and exploration program applies to all of the Company's operations and will focus to perform in-fill drilling to support underground mining activities and further delineate Reserves and Resources at each mining unit, with a significant portion attributed to expanding the Reserves and Resources at La Guitarra in preparation of the 1,000 tpd mine and mill expansion.

In addition, the Company has budgeted several expansionary projects in the second half of 2016 with short payback periods, consisting of:

- La Encantada – roasting plant construction for \$8.8 million (\$5.8 million in 2016 H2 with the remainder of the investment in 2017). Once in production, the Company expects to recover an additional 1.5 million ounces of silver from the reprocessing of above ground tailings;
- La Guitarra – \$3.7 million for the acquisition and rehabilitation of underground equipment for the increase in development in preparation of the 1,000 tpd expansion in order to achieve economies of scale in production costs;
- San Martin – installation of tailings filter press for \$1.3 million in order to recover water, reduce cyanide consumption and tailings costs and environmental risks;
- Plomosas – \$2.6 million for the reconditioning of the main access and underground drifts, a 5,000 metre underground diamond drilling program, to develop crosscuts to prepare future underground drill stations and to obtain surface access agreements for future surface permitting; and
- Corporate - central maintenance shop expansion for \$0.5 million to increase savings by performing more equipment overhauls per year in-house.

With these additional investments, the Company expects to invest a total of \$88.5 million in capital expenditures in 2016, compared to its previous guidance of \$63.8 million. These expansionary capital investments are expected to have a positive impact on the Company's financial and operating results in 2017.

REVIEW OF OPERATING RESULTS

Selected Production Results on a Mine-by-Mine Basis for the Past Eight Quarters

Production Highlights	2016		2015				2014	
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Ore processed/tonnes milled								
La Encantada	209,039	189,140	242,109	252,377	189,811	167,270	186,411	169,659
La Parrilla	157,871	151,916	149,504	166,815	178,736	172,647	175,830	178,252
Del Toro	80,739	86,869	111,448	124,093	162,089	157,934	175,552	134,474
San Martin	69,863	75,863	83,442	87,883	89,506	88,362	96,651	92,498
La Guitarra	34,917	43,265	42,249	43,864	42,494	45,396	49,084	46,313
Santa Elena	245,753	242,539	254,625	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated	798,182	789,591	883,377	675,032	662,637	631,609	683,528	621,196
Silver equivalent ounces produced								
La Encantada	623,070	832,957	716,023	669,994	605,299	548,124	792,605	813,701
La Parrilla	948,552	1,001,359	1,051,679	919,167	985,107	1,080,445	1,159,177	1,168,240
Del Toro	682,443	578,556	586,672	750,458	1,159,484	1,327,628	1,264,751	712,860
San Martin	492,669	580,922	576,675	766,733	696,580	682,071	698,605	584,822
La Guitarra	375,464	363,884	382,953	451,684	356,089	267,002	332,389	243,913
Santa Elena	1,559,410	1,725,417	1,506,405	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated	4,681,608	5,083,095	4,820,408	3,558,035	3,802,558	3,905,270	4,247,527	3,523,536
Silver ounces produced								
La Encantada	622,321	830,787	714,057	668,124	602,869	544,735	788,369	806,055
La Parrilla	599,526	575,969	605,605	585,414	620,839	622,237	646,283	705,928
Del Toro	399,520	311,400	331,225	424,413	664,969	841,026	817,754	495,714
San Martin	411,686	480,413	485,227	642,473	597,328	571,937	592,698	509,046
La Guitarra	206,262	214,312	245,358	272,885	230,499	196,920	229,463	163,696
Santa Elena	605,615	661,292	673,969	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated	2,844,930	3,074,173	3,055,442	2,593,309	2,716,503	2,776,855	3,074,567	2,680,439
Cash cost per ounce								
La Encantada	\$ 12.41	\$ 8.49	\$ 11.00	\$ 12.64	\$ 14.65	\$ 14.27	\$ 11.50	\$ 11.39
La Parrilla	\$ 7.33	\$ 5.39	\$ 7.18	\$ 10.11	\$ 10.72	\$ 7.75	\$ 7.42	\$ 5.87
Del Toro	\$ 7.90	\$ 9.52	\$ 9.25	\$ 8.91	\$ 4.34	\$ 5.09	\$ 7.03	\$ 15.94
San Martin	\$ 8.67	\$ 5.83	\$ 7.20	\$ 5.62	\$ 6.25	\$ 6.29	\$ 7.32	\$ 9.60
La Guitarra	\$ 5.93	\$ 8.27	\$ 7.02	\$ 3.62	\$ 6.74	\$ 11.28	\$ 9.45	\$ 10.91
Santa Elena	\$ (2.86)	\$ (3.34)	\$ (2.84)	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated	\$ 6.41	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.04	\$ 8.77	\$ 8.74	\$ 8.22	\$ 8.51	\$ 10.41
All-in sustaining cost per ounce								
La Encantada	\$ 13.85	\$ 9.33	\$ 14.29	\$ 16.01	\$ 18.32	\$ 17.85	\$ 17.76	\$ 17.32
La Parrilla	\$ 9.43	\$ 7.06	\$ 9.98	\$ 14.43	\$ 14.48	\$ 12.58	\$ 11.09	\$ 11.77
Del Toro	\$ 10.05	\$ 10.76	\$ 11.30	\$ 11.89	\$ 6.97	\$ 7.25	\$ 10.16	\$ 25.39
San Martin	\$ 10.20	\$ 7.52	\$ 9.83	\$ 8.87	\$ 9.62	\$ 8.69	\$ 9.54	\$ 14.11
La Guitarra	\$ 10.34	\$ 12.91	\$ 14.24	\$ 9.68	\$ 13.32	\$ 17.71	\$ 17.21	\$ 27.74
Santa Elena	\$ 1.81	\$ 1.68	\$ 1.44	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated	\$ 10.97	\$ 8.97	\$ 11.28	\$ 14.41	\$ 14.49	\$ 13.88	\$ 14.43	\$ 19.89
Production cost per tonne								
La Encantada	\$ 35.13	\$ 34.91	\$ 30.92	\$ 31.93	\$ 44.21	\$ 43.96	\$ 45.29	\$ 50.82
La Parrilla	\$ 37.12	\$ 35.29	\$ 38.99	\$ 40.62	\$ 46.49	\$ 42.64	\$ 42.68	\$ 44.48
Del Toro	\$ 52.95	\$ 53.30	\$ 45.22	\$ 47.59	\$ 42.99	\$ 47.87	\$ 46.83	\$ 66.95
San Martin	\$ 65.75	\$ 53.32	\$ 54.22	\$ 58.71	\$ 56.09	\$ 58.06	\$ 59.34	\$ 64.57
La Guitarra	\$ 87.01	\$ 66.88	\$ 57.02	\$ 52.92	\$ 54.58	\$ 48.88	\$ 47.30	\$ 48.01
Santa Elena	\$ 43.89	\$ 42.05	\$ 44.45	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated	\$ 44.97	\$ 42.72	\$ 41.44	\$ 41.81	\$ 46.80	\$ 46.90	\$ 47.15	\$ 54.34

Operating Results – Consolidated Operations

Key Performance Metrics	2016-Q2	2016-Q1	Change	2015-Q2	Change	2016-YTD	2015-YTD	Change
Production								
Ore processed/tonnes milled	798,182	789,591	1%	662,637	20%	1,587,774	1,294,247	23%
Average silver grade (g/t)	148	161	(8%)	182	(19%)	154	184	(16%)
Recovery (%)	75%	75%	(0%)	70%	7%	75%	72%	5%
Total silver ounces produced	2,844,930	3,074,173	(7%)	2,716,503	5%	5,919,103	5,493,357	8%
Total payable silver ounces produced	2,762,703	2,993,547	(8%)	2,622,186	5%	5,756,249	5,272,816	9%
Gold ounces produced	16,371	16,870	(3%)	3,528	364%	33,241	6,498	412%
Pounds of lead produced	8,825,234	8,637,429	2%	11,078,235	(20%)	17,462,663	22,365,115	(22%)
Pounds of zinc produced	3,837,301	4,030,810	(5%)	3,824,737	0%	7,868,111	10,174,429	(23%)
Total production - ounces silver equivalent	4,681,608	5,083,095	(8%)	3,802,558	23%	9,764,704	7,707,828	27%
Underground development (m)	11,738	10,007	17%	10,259	14%	21,745	20,088	8%
Diamond drilling (m)	19,342	6,697	189%	16,268	19%	26,039	21,693	20%
Costs								
Mining cost per ounce	\$4.71	\$4.10	15%	\$4.47	5%	\$4.39	\$4.34	1%
Milling cost per ounce	5.63	5.07	11%	4.99	13%	5.34	4.90	9%
Indirect cost per ounce	2.65	2.10	26%	2.36	12%	2.36	2.25	5%
Total production cost per ounce	\$12.99	\$11.27	15%	\$11.83	10%	\$12.10	\$11.50	5%
Transport and other selling costs per ounce	0.40	0.40	(0%)	0.47	(15%)	0.40	0.52	(22%)
Smelting and refining costs per ounce	2.31	2.16	7%	2.68	(14%)	2.23	2.90	(23%)
Environmental duty and royalties per ounce	0.12	0.11	15%	0.12	5%	0.11	0.12	(5%)
Cash cost per ounce before by-product credits	\$15.83	\$13.94	14%	\$15.10	5%	\$14.85	\$15.03	(1%)
Deduct: By-product credits	(9.41)	(8.95)	5%	(6.36)	48%	(9.17)	(6.55)	40%
Cash cost per ounce	\$6.41	\$5.00	28%	\$8.74	(27%)	\$5.68	\$8.48	(33%)
Workers' Participation	0.14	0.04	225%	0.13	10%	0.09	0.06	41%
General and administrative expenses	1.56	1.22	27%	1.54	1%	1.39	1.55	(11%)
Share-based payments	0.39	0.38	3%	0.59	(33%)	0.39	0.60	(35%)
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	0.08	0.07	7%	0.07	6%	0.07	0.07	1%
Sustaining capital expenditures	2.38	2.25	6%	3.42	(30%)	2.31	3.41	(32%)
All-in Sustaining Costs per ounce	\$10.97	\$8.97	22%	\$14.49	(24%)	\$9.93	\$14.18	(30%)
Mining cost per tonne	\$16.31	\$15.54	5%	\$17.69	(8%)	\$15.93	\$17.69	(10%)
Milling cost per tonne	19.50	19.21	1%	19.75	(1%)	19.36	19.98	(3%)
Indirect cost per tonne	9.16	7.97	15%	9.36	(2%)	8.57	9.17	(7%)
Total production cost per tonne	\$44.97	\$42.72	5%	\$46.80	(4%)	\$43.85	\$46.85	(6%)

Production

Total production for the quarter was 4,681,608 silver equivalent ounces and consisted of 2,844,930 ounces of silver, 16,371 ounces of gold, 8,825,234 pounds of lead and 3,837,301 pounds of zinc. Compared to the previous quarter, total production decreased by 8% primarily attributed to an 8% decrease in average silver grades related with lower grades at the La Encantada and Santa Elena mines. The decrease in silver grades at the Santa Elena mine was due to planned mine sequencing of the Main Vein and accessing areas of the heap leach pad that contained overall lower grades. Silver grades at La Encantada averaged 169 g/t during the quarter, or a 24% decrease compared to the prior quarter primarily due to the blending of lower grade ore from previously mined stopes. The La Encantada mine is currently developing stope 291, a high grade structure in close proximity to the San Javier breccia, in an effort to increase grades in the second half of 2016.

During the second quarter, the Company processed a total of 798,182 tonnes of ore, reflecting a 1% increase compared to the first quarter of 2016. Combined silver recoveries averaged 75% remaining consistent with the previous quarter.

Cash Cost per Ounce

Cash cost per ounce (after by-product credits) for the quarter was \$6.41 per payable ounce of silver, an increase of 28% from \$5.00 per ounce in the first quarter of 2016. The increase in cash cost per ounce was primarily the result of lower grades at the La Encantada and Santa Elena mines due to change in mining sequence discussed above.

Compared to the same quarter of 2015, cash cost per ounce decreased 27% from \$8.74 per ounce. The decrease in cash cost per ounce was primarily the result of an ongoing company-wide cost reduction efforts and a focus on producing only profitable ounces, which resulted in significant cost savings in contractor, haulage, energy and reagents. Santa Elena, the Company's recently acquired mine, had a negative cash cost of (\$2.86) per ounce, which also contributed to the significant reduction in the Company's consolidated cash cost.

All-In Sustaining Cost per Ounce

Consolidated AISC for the quarter was \$10.97 per ounce, a 22% or \$2.00 increase compared to \$8.97 per ounce in the previous quarter. The increase in AISC was primarily attributed to an increases in cash cost per ounce and general and administrative expenses incurred in the second quarter.

Compared to the same quarter of the prior year, AISC decreased by 24% or \$3.52 per ounce compared to \$14.49 per ounce. AISC reduced significantly due to a \$2.33 reduction in cash costs per ounce, as well as decreases in sustaining capital expenditures. AISC was also lower due to the recent addition of the Santa Elena mine, which had an AISC of \$1.81 per ounce in the quarter. Sustaining capital expenditures are expected to increase in the second half of the year to catch up with expanded program targets and newly available budget. See "2016 Second Half Outlook" for more detail.

Development and Exploration

A total of 11,738 metres of underground development was completed during the quarter, compared to 10,007 metres developed in the previous quarter and 10,259 metres completed in the second quarter of 2015. The increase in mine development compared to the previous quarter was due to programs delayed in the first quarter.

At quarter end, 17 diamond drill rigs were active at the Company's six operating mines. During the quarter, a total of 19,342 metres were drilled compared to 6,697 metres drilled in the first quarter and 16,268 metres drilled in the second quarter of 2015. The Company's exploration program, focusing on underground expansion of known ore bodies at all six mines, ramped up in the second quarter to catch up with program targets after a slow initiation at the beginning of the year due to budgeting and permitting delays.

Santa Elena Silver/Gold Mine, Sonora, México

The Santa Elena Silver/Gold Mine is located approximately 150 km northeast of the city of Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico and is comprised of mining concessions that total 51,172 hectares. First Majestic acquired the Santa Elena mine with the acquisition of SilverCrest Mines Inc. ("SilverCrest") on October 1, 2015. The Santa Elena operating plan involves the combined processing of ore from its underground reserves, the remaining reserves in the open pit, and spent ore from the previous heap leach pad with a 3,000 tpd cyanidation circuit. The Company owns 100% of the Santa Elena mine.

SANTA ELENA	2016-Q2	2016-Q1	Change	2016-YTD
PRODUCTION				
Ore processed/tonnes milled	245,753	242,539	1%	488,292
Average silver grade (g/t)	86	98	(12%)	92
Recovery (%)	89%	87%	2%	88%
Total silver ounces produced	605,615	661,292	(8%)	1,266,907
Total payable silver ounces produced	604,707	660,300	(8%)	1,265,006
Gold ounces produced	12,704	13,383	(5%)	26,088
Total production - ounces silver equivalent	1,559,410	1,725,417	(10%)	3,284,827
Underground development (m)	2,931	2,480	18%	5,412
Diamond drilling (m)	3,509	146	2303%	3,655
COST				
Mining cost per ounce	\$6.27	\$4.75	32%	\$5.48
Milling cost per ounce	9.58	9.02	6%	9.29
Indirect cost per ounce	1.99	1.68	18%	1.82
Total production cost per ounce	\$17.84	\$15.44	15%	\$16.59
Transport and other selling costs per ounce	0.17	0.15	13%	0.16
Smelting and refining costs per ounce	0.24	0.33	(29%)	0.29
Environmental duty and royalties per ounce	0.20	0.19	6%	0.20
Cash cost per ounce before by-product credits	\$18.45	\$16.12	14%	\$17.23
Deduct: By-product credits	(21.31)	(19.46)	9%	(20.34)
Cash cost per ounce	(\$2.86)	(\$3.34)	(14%)	(\$3.11)
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	0.06	0.06	8%	0.06
Sustaining capital expenditures	4.62	4.96	(7%)	4.80
All-In Sustaining Costs per ounce	\$1.81	\$1.68	8%	\$1.74
Mining cost per tonne	\$15.43	\$12.92	19%	\$14.19
Milling cost per tonne	23.57	24.56	(4%)	24.06
Indirect cost per tonne	4.89	4.56	7%	4.73
Total production cost per tonne	\$43.89	\$42.05	4%	\$42.97

The Santa Elena mine has a gold streaming agreement with Sandstorm Gold Ltd. ("Sandstorm"), which requires the mine to sell 20% of its gold production from a designated area of its underground operations over the life of mine to Sandstorm. The selling price is based on the lower of the prevailing market price or \$350 per ounce until fulfillment of 50,000 ounces, after which the price will increase to the lower of the prevailing market price or \$450 per ounce, adjusted for a 1% annual inflation commencing in April 2014. As at June 30, 2016, the Santa Elena mine has delivered 38,558 ounces of gold to Sandstorm to date.

During the quarter, Santa Elena exceeded guidance by producing 605,615 silver ounces and 12,704 ounces of gold for a total quarterly production of 1,559,410 silver equivalent ounces, a decrease of 10% compared to 1,725,417 silver equivalent ounces in the previous quarter primarily due to a slight reduction in silver and gold grades from both the above ground heap leach pad and underground production areas.

Silver recoveries increased to 89%, up from 87% compared to the previous quarter. Gold grades and recoveries averaged 1.69 g/t and 95%, respectively, compared to 1.82 g/t and 94% in the previous quarter. Improvement in recoveries were attributed to throughput control and mill enhancements made to improve finer grinding. Compared to the previous quarter, grades decreased slightly due to planned mine sequencing of the Main Vein and accessing areas of the heap leach pad that contained overall lower grades. The lower grades from the Main Vein were slightly offset by higher grades from the Alejandra vein.

The mill processed a total of 245,753 tonnes during the quarter, consisting of 124,772 tonnes (1,371 tpd) of underground ore and 120,981 tonnes (1,329 tpd) from the above ground heap leach pad. This compares with a total of 242,539 tonnes processed during the previous quarter, consisting of 118,337 tonnes (equivalent to 1,300 tpd) of underground ore and 124,202 tonnes (equivalent to 1,365 tpd) from the above ground heap leach pad.

Cash costs in the second quarter was negative (\$2.86) per payable silver ounce, attributed primarily to high by-product credits from the mine's high gold production. Compared to the previous quarter, cash costs increased slightly from negative cash costs of (\$3.34) per payable silver ounce, primarily due to lower head grades due to change in mining sequence, and temporary higher labour and contractor costs as the mine is transitioning some of its mining activities from contractor to employees.

A total of 2,931 metres of underground development were completed in the second quarter compared to 2,480 metres of development in the previous quarter. In the quarter, the Company completed its development of the portal ramp to access the Tortugas vein. In addition, at the end of the quarter, total development of the new San Salvador ramp reached 426 metres, or 19% of the 2,300 metre development plan. The new ramp is scheduled to connect to the Main Vein area along level 575 by the end of 2016. Once completed, the transportation of ore via trucks is expected to reduce haulage bottlenecks and increase the underground production capacity.

Two underground drill rigs were active on the Santa Elena property during the quarter, with 3,509 metres drilled compared to 146 metres drilled in the previous quarter. The intent of the drilling program was to delineate the planned stopes in the Santa Elena main vein and the Tortuga vein, and to locate the hanging-wall fault that drives the stope width when it gets closer to the main vein. The Company is also currently drilling the Santa Elena North Vein from surface and expects to begin surface drilling on the Ermitaño West property in the third quarter.

La Parrilla Silver Mine, Durango, México

The La Parrilla Silver Mine, located approximately 65 kilometres southeast of the city of Durango, Durango State, México, is a complex of producing underground operations consisting of the Rosarios / La Rosa and La Blanca mines which are interconnected through underground workings, and the San Marcos, Vacas and Quebradillas mines which are connected via above-ground gravel roads. The total mining concessions consist of 69,460 hectares and the Company owns 45 hectares and leases an additional 69 hectares of surface rights, for a total of 114 hectares of surface rights. La Parrilla includes a 2,000 tpd dual-circuit processing plant consisting of a 1,000 tpd cyanidation circuit and a 1,000 tpd flotation circuit, central laboratory, buildings, offices and associated infrastructure. The Company owns 100% of the La Parrilla Silver Mine.

LA PARRILLA	2016-Q2	2016-Q1	Change	2015-Q2	Change	2016-YTD	2015-YTD	Change
PRODUCTION								
Ore processed/tonnes milled	157,871	151,916	4%	178,736	(12%)	309,787	351,383	(12%)
Average silver grade (g/t)	143	144	(1%)	142	1%	143	142	1%
Recovery (%)	83%	82%	1%	76%	8%	82%	78%	6%
Total silver ounces produced	599,526	575,969	4%	620,839	(3%)	1,175,495	1,243,075	(5%)
Total payable silver ounces produced	553,123	527,922	5%	576,856	(4%)	1,081,046	1,131,618	(4%)
Gold ounces produced	230	223	3%	295	(22%)	452	564	(20%)
Pounds of lead produced	2,894,123	3,767,247	(23%)	2,043,654	42%	6,661,371	3,672,894	81%
Pounds of zinc produced	3,837,301	4,030,810	(5%)	3,824,737	0%	7,868,111	10,174,429	(23%)
Total production - ounces silver equivalent	948,552	1,001,359	(5%)	985,107	(4%)	1,949,911	2,065,551	(6%)
Underground development (m)	1,834	1,790	2%	1,901	(4%)	3,624	3,978	(9%)
Diamond drilling (m)	3,030	1,517	100%	4,356	(30%)	4,547	5,793	(22%)
COST								
Mining cost per ounce	\$4.45	\$4.38	2%	\$6.95	(36%)	\$4.42	\$6.43	(31%)
Milling cost per ounce	3.83	3.88	(1%)	5.07	(24%)	3.85	5.11	(25%)
Indirect cost per ounce	2.31	1.90	22%	2.38	(3%)	2.11	2.31	(9%)
Total production cost per ounce	\$10.60	\$10.15	4%	\$14.41	(26%)	\$10.38	\$13.85	(25%)
Transport and other selling costs per ounce	0.58	0.85	(32%)	0.70	(18%)	0.71	0.90	(21%)
Smelting and refining costs per ounce	4.77	6.24	(24%)	4.65	2%	5.49	5.20	5%
Environmental duty and royalties per ounce	0.15	0.12	23%	0.19	(18%)	0.14	0.20	(28%)
Cash cost per ounce before by-product credits	\$16.09	\$17.36	(7%)	\$19.95	(19%)	\$16.71	\$20.15	(17%)
Deduct: By-product credits	(8.76)	(11.97)	(27%)	(9.22)	(5%)	(10.33)	(10.88)	(5%)
Cash cost per ounce	\$7.33	\$5.39	36%	\$10.72	(32%)	\$6.38	\$9.27	(31%)
Workers' Participation	0.36	0.00	100%	0.00	100%	0.19	0.00	100%
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	0.06	0.06	(6%)	0.07	(12%)	0.06	0.07	(13%)
Sustaining capital expenditures	1.67	1.61	4%	3.69	(55%)	1.64	4.21	(61%)
All-In Sustaining Costs per ounce	\$9.43	\$7.06	34%	\$14.48	(35%)	\$8.27	\$13.55	(39%)
Mining cost per tonne	\$15.61	\$15.22	3%	\$22.44	(30%)	\$15.42	\$20.71	(26%)
Milling cost per tonne	13.42	13.48	(0%)	16.37	(18%)	13.45	16.46	(18%)
Indirect cost per tonne	8.09	6.59	23%	7.68	5%	7.35	7.43	(1%)
Total production cost per tonne	\$37.12	\$35.29	5%	\$46.49	(20%)	\$36.22	\$44.60	(19%)

Total production from the La Parrilla mine was 948,552 silver equivalent ounces during the quarter, a decrease of 5% compared to 1,001,359 equivalent ounces of silver in the previous quarter. During the quarter, the lead circuit processed an average lead grade of 1.4% with recoveries of 85% for a total lead production of 2,894,123 pounds, representing a 23% decrease compared to the previous quarter. The decrease in lead production was primarily attributed to lower head grades. The zinc circuit processed an average zinc grade of 2.2% with recoveries of 68% for a total zinc production of 3,837,301 pounds, representing a 5% decrease compared to the previous quarter primarily due to lower head grades. Compared to the second quarter of 2015, total production decreased 4% from 985,107 equivalent ounces of silver. The decrease was primarily attributed to a 12% decrease in throughput, partially offset by higher recoveries.

During the quarter, the flotation circuit processed 114,930 tonnes (1,263 tpd) with an average silver grade of 155 g/t and an 88% recovery while the cyanidation circuit processed 42,941 tonnes (472 tpd) with an average silver grade of 110 g/t and a 64% recovery for total production of 948,552 silver equivalent ounces.

Cash cost in the quarter was \$7.33 per ounce, an increase of 36% compared to the previous quarter and a decrease of 32% compared to the second quarter of 2015. The increase in cash costs was primarily attributed to lower by-product credits from reduced lead and zinc production. Compared to the same quarter of the prior year, the improvement in production costs was attributed to management's decision to focus on profitable ounces, leaving higher cost ounces in the ground, resulting in the planned reduction of cyanidation circuit throughput and significant savings in contractor, electricity, reagent and maintenance costs.

A total of 1,834 metres of underground development were completed in the quarter, compared to 1,790 metres in the first quarter of 2016 and 1,901 metres in the second quarter of 2015. A total of 3,030 metres of diamond drilling were completed in the quarter compared to 1,517 metres of diamond drilling in the first quarter of 2016 and 4,356 metres in the first quarter of 2015. Two underground drill rigs were active during the quarter as the focus of the 2016 exploration program is on the Rosarios mine, Intermedia veins and the San Nicolas system, where drilling results have indicated potential for the lateral and in-depth extension of known structures.

In July 2016, the Company is planning to complete a 2,284 line kilometre, high resolution, airborne magnetic survey covering over 28,750 hectares at La Parrilla. This geophysical work will support the ground exploration activities by defining geophysical anomalies for targeting additional mineralization around the La Parrilla complex.

La Encantada Silver Mine, Coahuila, México

The La Encantada Silver Mine is an underground mine located in the northern México State of Coahuila, 708 kilometres northeast of Torreon. The mine is comprised of 4,076 hectares of mining rights and surface land ownership of 1,343 hectares. La Encantada consists of a 4,000 tpd cyanidation plant, a village with 180 houses as well as administrative offices, laboratory, general store, hospital, schools, church, airstrip and the infrastructure required for such an operation. The mine is accessible via a 1.5 hour flight from Torreon, Coahuila to the mine's private airstrip or via mostly paved road from the closest town, Muzquiz, which is 225 kilometres away. The Company owns 100% of the La Encantada Silver Mine.

LA ENCANTADA	2016-Q2	2016-Q1	Change	2015-Q2	Change	2016-YTD	2015-YTD	Change
PRODUCTION								
Ore processed/tonnes milled	209,039	189,140	11%	189,811	10%	398,179	357,081	12%
Average silver grade (g/t)	169	224	(24%)	178	(5%)	195	177	10%
Recovery (%)	55%	61%	(10%)	56%	(2%)	58%	57%	3%
Total silver ounces produced	622,321	830,787	(25%)	602,869	3%	1,453,108	1,147,604	27%
Total payable silver ounces produced	619,832	827,464	(25%)	600,458	3%	1,447,296	1,143,014	27%
Gold ounces produced	10	27	(63%)	33	(70%)	37	80	(54%)
Total production - ounces silver equivalent	623,070	832,957	(25%)	605,299	3%	1,456,027	1,153,423	26%
Underground development (m)	1,043	1,189	(12%)	2,021	(48%)	2,232	5,010	(55%)
Diamond drilling (m)	3,062	-	100%	5,309	(42%)	3,062	6,137	(50%)
COST								
Mining cost per ounce	\$2.95	\$2.13	39%	\$3.97	(26%)	\$2.48	\$3.90	(36%)
Milling cost per ounce	6.40	4.15	54%	6.94	(8%)	5.12	6.85	(25%)
Indirect cost per ounce	2.49	1.70	47%	3.07	(19%)	2.04	3.02	(33%)
Total production cost per ounce	\$11.85	\$7.98	49%	\$13.98	(15%)	\$9.64	\$13.77	(30%)
Transport and other selling costs per ounce	0.27	0.20	33%	0.23	18%	0.23	0.23	1%
Smelting and refining costs per ounce	0.29	0.31	(6%)	0.39	(24%)	0.31	0.42	(27%)
Environmental duty and royalties per ounce	0.04	0.03	15%	0.09	(60%)	0.03	0.09	(63%)
Cash cost per ounce before by-product credits	\$12.45	\$8.53	46%	\$14.69	(15%)	\$10.21	\$14.51	(30%)
Deduct: By-product credits	(0.04)	(0.04)	6%	(0.04)	6%	(0.04)	(0.04)	3%
Cash cost per ounce	\$12.41	\$8.49	46%	\$14.65	(15%)	\$10.17	\$14.47	(30%)
Workers' Participation	0.17	0.05	237%	0.34	(50%)	0.10	0.17	(42%)
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	0.08	0.06	32%	0.09	(9%)	0.07	0.10	(26%)
Sustaining capital expenditures	1.19	0.73	63%	3.24	(63%)	0.92	3.36	(72%)
All-in Sustaining Costs per ounce	\$13.85	\$9.33	48%	\$18.32	(24%)	\$11.26	\$18.09	(38%)
Mining cost per tonne	\$8.75	\$9.32	(6%)	\$12.57	(30%)	\$9.02	\$12.48	(28%)
Milling cost per tonne	18.99	18.17	5%	21.94	(13%)	18.60	21.94	(15%)
Indirect cost per tonne	7.40	7.42	(0%)	9.70	(24%)	7.41	9.68	(23%)
Total production cost per tonne	\$35.13	\$34.91	1%	\$44.21	(21%)	\$35.03	\$44.10	(21%)

A total of 623,070 equivalent ounces of silver were produced by the La Encantada processing plant during the quarter. Production in the second quarter decreased by 25% from 832,957 equivalent ounces of silver in the first quarter of 2016. The decrease in production was primarily due to lower silver grades and recoveries. Compared to the same quarter of the prior year, total production increased by 3% due to a 10% increase in tonnes milled, partially offset by 5% lower silver grades.

Tonnage milled in the quarter was 209,039 tonnes, compared to 189,140 tonnes in the previous quarter and 189,811 tonnes in the second quarter of 2015. During the previous quarter, the processing plant operated at a reduced throughput rate due to down time related to maintenance of the crushing, grinding and filtration areas. Repair work was completed in April, on schedule, allowing mill processing rates to return to normal operating levels in May. However, throughput rates were reduced slightly in June due to heavy rains causing ore and surface stockpiles to become unusually wet.

Silver grades averaged 169 g/t during the quarter, a 24% decrease compared to the previous quarter and a 5% decrease compared to the second quarter of 2015, primarily due to the blending of lower grade ore from previously mined stopes. The Company is currently developing stope 291, a high grade structure in close proximity to the San Javier breccia, in an effort to increase grades in the second half of 2016.

Cash cost per ounce for the quarter was \$12.41 compared to \$8.49 in the previous quarter and \$14.65 in the same quarter of the previous year. Increase in cash cost per ounce compared to the previous quarter was primarily attributed to lower silver head grades as a result of change in mining sequence. A new high grade area was discovered in close proximity of the San Javier breccia and is undergoing development planning. Total production cost per tonne for the quarter was \$35.13, comparable to the first quarter of 2016 and 21% lower compared to the second quarter of 2015.

The roasting project was advanced in the second quarter with the completion of the analysis of using pulverized coal as the primary source for fuel combustion. The Company is now advancing on full scale engineering work to design the furnace and other auxiliary parts for manufacturing by the end of the year. The estimated capital investment to construct the roasting plant and its satellite facilities is estimated at approximately \$8.8 million and would take 12 months to bring into production. Once in full production, the Company expects to recover an additional 1.5 million ounces overall from the reprocessing of above ground tailings.

A total of 1,043 metres were developed underground in the quarter compared to 1,189 metres in the first quarter of 2016 and 2,021 metres in the second quarter of 2015. Mine development efforts are currently focused on the preparation of the San Javier breccia and high grade narrow veins in order to increase production of low-cost profitable ounces.

A total of 3,062 metres were drilled in the second quarter compared to nil metres in the previous quarter. The 2016 drilling program commenced in April and will focus on the newly discovered Maria Isabel breccia in close proximity to current operating areas.

The Company recently completed a 1,297 line kilometre, high resolution, airborne magnetic survey covering over 8,700 hectares at La Encantada. This geophysical work will support the ground exploration activities by defining geophysical anomalies for targeting additional mineralization.

On June 26, 2016, a minor spillover occurred from Plant 2 caused by heavy seasonal rains filled the emergency containment overflow area to its maximum capacity of water. Most of the spillage was contained within the Company's property. Restoration and cleanup crews immediately began neutralizing the affected area and reinforced the containment area. A water pump was installed to collect the rain-sludge solution for pumping back to the processing tanks. The transportation of the solution and the cleanup process was completed on July 6, 2016. Furthermore, the Company does not expect this incident to have any significant impact on operations or the local environment.

Del Toro Silver Mine, Zacatecas, México

The Del Toro Silver Mine is located 60 kilometres to the southeast of the Company's La Parrilla mine and consists of 1,047 hectares of mining claims and 209 hectares of surface rights. The Del Toro operation represents the consolidation of three historical silver mines, the Perseverancia, San Juan and Dolores mines, which are approximately one and three kilometres apart, respectively. Del Toro includes a 2,000 tpd flotation circuit and a 2,000 tpd cyanidation circuit which is currently in care and maintenance. First Majestic owns 100% of the Del Toro Silver Mine.

DEL TORO	2016-Q2	2016-Q1	Change	2015-Q2	Change	2016-YTD	2015-YTD	Change
PRODUCTION								
Ore processed/tonnes milled	80,739	86,869	(7%)	162,089	(50%)	167,608	320,024	(48%)
Average silver grade (g/t)	192	143	34%	178	8%	166	195	(15%)
Recovery (%)	80%	78%	3%	72%	12%	79%	75%	6%
Total silver ounces produced	399,520	311,400	28%	664,969	(40%)	710,920	1,505,994	(53%)
Total payable silver ounces produced	378,405	294,943	28%	629,825	(40%)	673,348	1,426,403	(53%)
Gold ounces produced	96	97	(1%)	106	(9%)	194	288	(33%)
Pounds of lead produced	5,931,111	4,870,181	22%	9,034,581	(34%)	10,801,292	18,692,221	(42%)
Total production - ounces silver equivalent	682,443	578,556	18%	1,159,484	(41%)	1,261,000	2,487,112	(49%)
Underground development (m)	1,754	1,201	46%	1,813	(3%)	2,955	3,499	(16%)
Diamond drilling (m)	3,306	1,278	159%	5,200	(36%)	4,584	7,486	(39%)
COST								
Mining cost per ounce	\$4.98	\$7.76	(36%)	\$4.33	15%	\$6.19	\$4.04	53%
Milling cost per ounce	3.47	4.54	(24%)	4.73	(27%)	3.94	4.38	(10%)
Indirect cost per ounce	2.85	3.40	(16%)	2.00	43%	3.10	1.76	76%
Total production cost per ounce	\$11.30	\$15.70	(28%)	\$11.06	2%	\$13.22	\$10.19	30%
Transport and other selling costs per ounce	0.77	0.92	(16%)	0.74	4%	0.84	0.71	18%
Smelting and refining costs per ounce	6.80	6.35	7%	4.85	40%	6.60	4.82	37%
Environmental duty and royalties per ounce	0.09	0.09	6%	0.09	4%	0.09	0.10	(7%)
Cash cost per ounce before by-product credits	\$18.96	\$23.05	(18%)	\$16.74	13%	\$20.75	\$15.81	31%
Deduct: By-product credits	(11.06)	(13.53)	(18%)	(12.40)	(11%)	(12.14)	(11.05)	10%
Cash cost per ounce	\$7.90	\$9.52	(17%)	\$4.34	82%	\$8.61	\$4.76	81%
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	0.10	0.13	(23%)	0.06	66%	0.11	0.06	105%
Sustaining capital expenditures	1.92	1.11	73%	2.57	(25%)	1.57	2.32	(32%)
All-in Sustaining Costs per ounce	\$10.05	\$10.76	(7%)	\$6.97	44%	\$10.36	\$7.13	45%
Mining cost per tonne	\$23.32	\$26.33	(11%)	\$16.81	39%	\$24.88	\$18.03	38%
Milling cost per tonne	16.25	15.41	5%	18.40	(12%)	15.82	19.53	(19%)
Indirect cost per tonne	13.38	11.56	16%	7.78	72%	12.43	7.85	58%
Total production cost per tonne	\$52.95	\$53.30	(1%)	\$42.99	23%	\$53.13	\$45.41	17%

During the second quarter, the Del Toro mine processed 80,739 tonnes of ore with an average silver grade of 192 g/t. Del Toro produced a total of 682,443 silver equivalent ounces, an 18% increase compared to 578,556 ounces produced in the previous quarter. Improvements were made in dilution control, mining and milling activities resulting in both silver grades and recoveries during the quarter, increasing 34% and 3%, respectively. Several high grade veins within the San Juan, Perseverancia and Dolores mines, were also developed during the quarter to provide new production stopes. These were partially offset by 7% decrease in throughput due to dilution control and efforts to improve the economics of the mine and processing plant.

Compared to the same quarter of the prior year, production decreased by 41% due to a 50% decrease in tonnes milled, partially offset by 8% increase in head grades and 12% increase in metallurgical silver recoveries.

Lead grades and recoveries averaged 5.0% and 66%, respectively, producing a total of 5,931,111 pounds of lead, or a 22% increase compared to the previous quarter.

Cash cost per ounce for the quarter was \$7.90, a 17% reduction compared to \$9.52 per ounce in the previous quarter and an increase of 82% compared to \$4.34 in the same quarter of the prior year. The improvement in cash cost per ounce compared to the previous quarter was primarily attributed to increase in silver production, partially offset by lower by-product credits.

The 82% increase in cash cost per ounce compared to the second quarter of 2015 was due to a combination of 40% decrease in silver ounces produced and 11% decrease in by-product credits.

Total underground development at Del Toro in the current quarter was 1,754 metres compared to 1,201 metres in the first quarter of 2016 and 1,813 metres in the same quarter of the prior year. The increase in development metres compared to the prior year was due to preparation of new development areas for exploitation.

At quarter end, four drill rigs were active at Del Toro and a total of 3,306 metres were completed compared to 1,278 metres in the previous quarter and 5,200 metres in the same quarter of 2015. Drilling at Del Toro was focused on expansion laterally and at depth of known structures in the Lupita area. Current exploration targets include the Santa Teresa, San Nicolas and Carmen Consuelo veins.

San Martin Silver Mine, Jalisco, México

The San Martin Silver Mine is an underground mine located near the town of San Martin de Bolaños in the Bolaños River valley, in the northern portion of the State of Jalisco, México. The mine comprises of 33 contiguous mining concessions in the San Martin de Bolaños mining district that cover mineral rights for 37,518 hectares, including the application to acquire two new mining concessions covering 29,676 hectares. In addition, the mine owns 160 hectares of surface land where the processing plant, camp, office facilities, maintenance shops, and tailings dams are located, and an additional 1,296 hectares of surface rights. The 1,300 tpd mill and processing plant consists of crushing, grinding and conventional cyanidation by agitation in tanks and a Merrill-Crowe doré production system. The mine can be accessed via small plane, 150 kilometres by air from Durango or 250 kilometres by paved road north of Guadalajara City. The San Martin mine is 100% owned by the Company.

SAN MARTIN	2016-Q2	2016-Q1	Change	2015-Q2	Change	2016-YTD	2015-YTD	Change
PRODUCTION								
Ore processed/tonnes milled	69,863	75,863	(8%)	89,506	(22%)	145,726	177,869	(18%)
Average silver grade (g/t)	219	243	(10%)	268	(18%)	231	263	(12%)
Recovery (%)	84%	81%	3%	77%	8%	82%	78%	6%
Total silver ounces produced	411,686	480,413	(14%)	597,328	(31%)	892,099	1,169,265	(24%)
Total payable silver ounces produced	411,274	479,933	(14%)	596,731	(31%)	891,207	1,166,952	(24%)
Gold ounces produced	1,078	1,261	(15%)	1,364	(21%)	2,339	2,875	(19%)
Total production - ounces silver equivalent	492,669	580,922	(15%)	696,580	(29%)	1,073,591	1,378,652	(22%)
Underground development (m)	2,524	2,093	21%	2,208	14%	4,617	4,219	9%
Diamond drilling (m)	4,137	3,113	33%	833	397%	7,250	1,099	560%
COST								
Mining cost per ounce	\$4.17	\$2.97	40%	\$2.90	43%	\$3.52	\$3.14	12%
Milling cost per ounce	4.13	3.71	11%	3.93	5%	3.90	4.02	(3%)
Indirect cost per ounce	2.88	1.75	64%	1.58	82%	2.27	1.54	48%
Total production cost per ounce	\$11.17	\$8.43	33%	\$8.41	33%	\$9.69	\$8.70	11%
Transport and other selling costs per ounce	0.29	0.26	13%	0.20	47%	0.27	0.17	64%
Smelting and refining costs per ounce	0.23	0.24	(4%)	0.25	(8%)	0.24	0.26	(10%)
Environmental duty and royalties per ounce	0.10	0.10	1%	0.11	(7%)	0.10	0.11	(7%)
Cash cost per ounce before by-product credits	\$11.79	\$9.02	31%	\$8.97	31%	\$10.30	\$9.23	12%
Deduct: By-product credits	(3.12)	(3.19)	(2%)	(2.72)	15%	(3.16)	(2.96)	7%
Cash cost per ounce	\$8.67	\$5.83	49%	\$6.25	39%	\$7.14	\$6.27	14%
Workers' Participation	0.03	0.19	(84%)	0.25	(88%)	0.11	0.12	0%
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	0.08	0.07	15%	0.06	31%	0.08	0.07	17%
Sustaining capital expenditures	1.42	1.42	(0%)	3.05	(54%)	1.42	2.70	(47%)
All-in Sustaining Costs per ounce	\$10.20	\$7.52	36%	\$9.62	6%	\$8.75	\$9.17	(4%)
Mining cost per tonne	\$24.52	\$18.77	31%	\$19.36	27%	\$21.53	\$20.60	5%
Milling cost per tonne	24.30	23.48	3%	26.17	(7%)	23.88	26.38	(9%)
Indirect cost per tonne	16.93	11.07	53%	10.56	60%	13.88	10.09	38%
Total production cost per tonne	\$65.75	\$53.32	23%	\$56.09	17%	\$59.28	\$57.07	4%

During the quarter, the San Martin mine processed a total of 69,863 tonnes compared to 75,863 tonnes in the previous quarter and 89,506 tonnes in the same quarter of the prior year. The average head grade was 219 g/t, a decrease of 10% compared to the previous quarter and an 18% decrease compared to the same quarter of the prior year.

During the quarter, San Martin produced 411,686 silver ounces and 1,078 ounces of gold for a total production of 492,669 silver equivalent ounces. Total production decreased 15% compared to the prior quarter primarily due to a 10% decrease in silver grade and an 8% decrease in tonnes milled. Compared to the same quarter of the prior year, total production decreased 29% due to a 22% decrease in throughput and an 18% decrease in silver grades, partially offset by an 8% increase in recoveries.

Silver recovery in the quarter was 84%, a 3% increase compared to 81% in the previous quarter and an increase of 8% compared to 77% in the same quarter of the prior year. The increase in recovery was primarily attributed to improved barren solution control and washing efficiency. The Company anticipates grades will gradually increase over the next few quarters as production rates from the Veladora vein are increased to 250 tpd.

During the quarter, total production cost was \$65.75 per tonne, a 23% increase compared to \$53.32 per tonne in the previous quarter and an increase of 17% compared to same quarter of 2015. Cash cost per ounce was \$8.67, a 49% increase from \$5.83 per ounce in the previous quarter and a 39% increase compared to the \$6.25 per ounce in the second quarter of 2015. The increase in production costs was a result of additional costs associated with preparation of various high grade stopes that will be brought into production in the third quarter and additional ground support costs such as rock-bolting and shot-creting due to the unstable ground conditions.

Engineering work for the installation of the tailings filter presses continued during the quarter. The filter presses, which are designed to recover and re-use tailings solution and to save on water and cyanide consumption, are expected to be installed and undergo testing in the first quarter of 2017.

A total of 2,524 metres of underground development was completed in the quarter compared to 2,093 metres of development in the previous quarter and 2,208 metres of development in the second quarter of 2015.

During the quarter, a total of 4,137 metres of diamond drilling were completed compared with 3,113 metres drilled in the previous quarter and 833 metres drilled in the second quarter of 2015. Three underground drill rigs were active at the San Martin property during the quarter, focusing on extending the preparation of mining levels in the mineralized zones of the Rosario, Guitarrona and La Veladora veins, while the exploration program will be focused on the La Lima Intermedia.

La Guitarra Silver Mine, México State, México

The La Guitarra Silver Mine is located in the Temascaltepec Mining District in the State of México, near Toluca, México, approximately 130 kilometres southwest from México City. The La Guitarra mine covers 39,714 hectares of mining claims and consists of a 500 tpd flotation processing plant, buildings and related infrastructure. The Company owns 100% of the La Guitarra mine.

LA GUITARRA	2016-Q2	2016-Q1	Change	2015-Q2	Change	2016-YTD	2015-YTD	Change
PRODUCTION								
Ore processed/tonnes milled	34,917	43,265	(19%)	42,494	(18%)	78,182	87,890	(11%)
Average silver grade (g/t)	228	189	21%	203	12%	206	181	14%
Recovery (%)	81%	82%	(1%)	83%	(3%)	81%	84%	(3%)
Total silver ounces produced	206,262	214,312	(4%)	230,499	(11%)	420,574	427,418	(2%)
Total payable silver ounces produced	195,361	202,985	(4%)	218,317	(11%)	398,347	404,829	(2%)
Gold ounces produced	2,253	1,878	20%	1,731	30%	4,131	2,692	53%
Total production - ounces silver equivalent	375,464	363,884	3%	356,089	5%	739,348	623,090	19%
Underground development (m)	1,652	1,254	32%	2,316	(29%)	2,905	3,381	(14%)
Diamond drilling (m)	2,298	643	257%	569	304%	2,941	1,178	150%
COST								
Mining cost per ounce	\$6.84	\$6.66	3%	\$3.99	71%	\$6.74	\$4.28	58%
Milling cost per ounce	3.45	3.00	15%	3.07	12%	3.22	3.23	(0%)
Indirect cost per ounce	5.27	4.59	15%	3.56	48%	4.92	3.71	33%
Total production cost per ounce	\$15.55	\$14.25	9%	\$10.62	46%	\$14.89	\$11.21	33%
Transport and other selling costs per ounce	0.57	0.49	17%	0.52	9%	0.53	0.58	(10%)
Smelting and refining costs per ounce	3.84	3.54	8%	4.15	(7%)	3.69	4.27	(14%)
Environmental duty and royalties per ounce	0.17	0.14	24%	0.13	30%	0.16	0.13	19%
Cash cost per ounce before by-product credits	\$20.14	\$18.42	9%	\$15.43	31%	\$19.26	\$16.20	19%
Deduct: By-product credits	(14.21)	(10.15)	40%	(8.68)	64%	(12.14)	(7.36)	65%
Cash cost per ounce	\$5.93	\$8.27	(28%)	\$6.74	(12%)	\$7.12	\$8.83	(19%)
Workers' Participation	0.12	-	0%	(0.07)	(274%)	0.06	0.00	6817%
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	0.11	0.10	3%	0.09	14%	0.11	0.10	3%
Sustaining capital expenditures	4.19	4.53	(8%)	6.55	(36%)	4.37	6.41	(32%)
All-In Sustaining Costs per ounce	\$10.34	\$12.91	(20%)	\$13.32	(22%)	\$11.65	\$15.35	(24%)
Mining cost per tonne	\$38.25	\$31.25	22%	\$20.51	87%	\$34.36	\$19.70	74%
Milling cost per tonne	19.29	14.08	37%	15.75	22%	16.41	14.85	10%
Indirect cost per tonne	29.47	21.55	37%	18.31	61%	25.08	17.07	47%
Total production cost per tonne	\$87.01	\$66.88	30%	\$54.58	59%	\$75.85	\$51.62	47%

During the second quarter, La Guitarra produced 206,262 silver ounces and 2,253 gold ounces for a total quarterly production of 375,464 silver equivalent ounces. Compared to the previous quarter, total production increased 3% due to a 21% increase in average silver grades and a 32% increase in gold grades, offset by a 19% decrease in tonnes milled. Due to the higher grades being sourced, mill throughput was reduced to 34,917 tonnes (384 tpd) in an effort to further improve the economics of the operation while maintaining a consistent level of production ounces. Compared to the same quarter of the prior year, production increased by 5% attributed to a 12% increase in head grades, offset by an 18% decrease in tonnes milled.

Approximately 64% of the production ore came from the Coloso area and the remaining 36% was extracted from the older La Guitarra area during the quarter. The 800 metre drift from Coloso successfully intersected the Nazareno vein at the end of the quarter. The area of the vein intersected was approximately 3.5 metres wide with grades of 360 g/t of silver and 0.5 g/t of gold.

Cash cost in this quarter was \$5.93 per ounce, a 28% decrease compared to the previous quarter and a 12% decrease compared to the same quarter of 2015. The decrease in cash cost was primarily attributed to higher by-product credits from increased gold production, partially offset by higher costs associated with drifting into the narrow veins of Jessica and Joya Larga in the Coloso area, which required the Company to use lower volume stope-ramping and shrinkage mining to improve dilution control, resulting in an increase in preparation of sills in ore and ore extraction infrastructure.

A total of 1,652 metres of underground development was completed during the quarter compared to 1,254 metres in the previous quarter and 2,316 metres in the second quarter of 2015. During the quarter, four underground drill rigs were active at the La Guitarra property and 2,298 metres of diamond drilling were completed compared to 643 metres during the previous quarter and 569 metres in the same quarter of the prior year. The drilling program is currently focused on in-fill drilling at the Jessica and La Joya veins in order to confirm high grade resources both laterally and at depth to assist underground mining activities and further delineate Reserves and Resources, while the exploration program will focus on the Nazareno vein.

In 2014, the Company entered into two agreements to acquire 757 hectares of adjacent mineral rights at the La Guitarra Silver Mine. The total purchase price amounted to \$5.4 million, of which \$5.2 million is to be settled in common shares of First Majestic and \$0.2 million in cash. As at June 30, 2016, the Company has paid the \$0.2 million and issued \$3.7 million in common shares. The remaining balance of \$1.5 million in common shares will be issued in three equal annual payments in September based on the Company's five days volume weighted average market price at the time of the payments.

EXPLORATION PROJECTS

Plomosas Silver Project, Sinaloa, Mexico

The Plomosas Silver Project, which was acquired during the 2012 Silvermex acquisition, consists of 13 mining concessions covering 6,986 hectares, which include the adjacent Rosario and San Juan historic mines located in the Sinaloa State, México.

The two key areas of interest within the property's boundaries are the historic operations of the Rosario and San Juan mines. Extensive facilities and infrastructure are in place on the property, including a fully functional mining camp facility for 120 persons, a 20 year surface rights agreement in good standing, a 30 year water use permit, a tailings dam, a 60 kilometre 33 kilovolt power line, an infirmary, offices, shops and warehouses, and an assay lab. Extensive underground development pre-existing at the Rosario and San Juan mines will allow for easy access to mineralized zones. This existing development is expected to allow First Majestic to accelerate exploration and development in the future.

The Company is preparing the underground infrastructure, including dewatering and ventilation, in order to access and equip the three underground drilling stations. The Company's plans at Plomosas include a 5,000 metre diamond drilling program during the second half of 2016 as well as development of new crosscuts to prepare underground drilling stations to be used in 2017. The Company is working toward obtaining surface access agreements and permits for additional drilling on surface beginning in 2017.

The Company is currently utilizing the mining camp infrastructure to maintain the old structures under care and maintenance. Future plans include drilling and development in order to prepare a NI 43-101 Technical report with resource estimates and a Preliminary Economic Assessment.

La Luz Silver Project, San Luis Potosi, México

The La Luz Silver Project is located 25 kilometres west of the town of Matehuala in San Luis Potosi State, México, near the village of Real de Catorce. The Company owns 100% of the La Luz project and all of the associated mining claims of what was historically known as the Santa Ana Mine and consists of 36 mining concessions covering 4,977 hectares, with estimated historical production of 230 million ounces between 1773 and 1990. In July 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of an additional 21 hectares of surface rights covering 29 adjacent properties for \$1.0 million. The total surface rights on different properties at La Luz amount to 26 hectares.

To date, the Company has completed a Baseline Study and the Geo-hydrologic Study. However, there has been opposition to mining in the La Luz area from certain indigenous people (Huicholes) and non-government organizations ("NGOs"). An injunction was placed by the Company to defend against the indigenous people's attempts to obtain a constitutional decree to declare certain areas in San Luis Potosi as natural protected areas, including areas within which the La Luz mine has been duly granted mining concessions. The Company is currently addressing these constitutional legal matters in the Mexican courts. Three different legal orders to obtain approvals to present its final permit applications were submitted and one positive resolution was obtained, while the other orders remain in front of the court. There is currently no estimate of when a final resolution can be expected. The Company is ready to submit the Environmental Impact Statement, the Risk Study and the Change of Use of Land Studies to government authorities once the courts resolve the outstanding constitutional matters. The Company is unable at this time to estimate when these legal constitutional matters will be resolved.

Jalisco Group of Properties, Jalisco, México

The Company owns a group of mining claims totalling 5,245 hectares located in various mining districts located in Jalisco State, México. During 2008, surface geology and mapping began with the purpose of defining future drill targets. However, exploration has since been discontinued as the Company focuses its capital investment on other more mature and higher priority projects.

REVIEW OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For the quarters ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands of dollars, except for per share amounts):

	Second Quarter 2016	Second Quarter 2015	Variance %	
Revenues	\$ 66,072	\$ 54,190	22%	(1)
Cost of sales (excludes depletion, depreciation and amortization)	36,252	33,314	9%	(2)
Gross margin	29,820	20,876	43%	
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	19,879	17,435	14%	(3)
Mine operating earnings	9,941	3,441	189%	(4)
General and administrative expenses	4,471	4,229	6%	
Share-based payments	1,092	1,544	-29%	
Foreign exchange gain	(1,068)	(662)	61%	
Operating earnings	5,446	(1,670)	-426%	
Investment and other income (loss)	4,905	(1,345)	-465%	(5)
Finance costs	(1,133)	(1,434)	-21%	(6)
Earnings before income taxes	9,218	(4,449)	-307%	
Current income tax expense	924	1,269	-27%	
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	2,189	(3,140)	-170%	
Income tax expense (recovery)	3,113	(1,871)	-266%	(7)
Net earnings (loss) for the period	\$ 6,105	\$ (2,578)	-337%	(8)
Earnings (loss) per share (basic)	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.02)	-280%	(8)
Earnings (loss) per share (diluted)	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.02)	-275%	(8)

- Revenues** in the quarter increased 22% compared to the same quarter of the previous year due a 22% increase in **silver equivalent ounces sold** compared to the second quarter of 2015, primarily attributed to incremental production from the Santa Elena mine, which was acquired in October 2015. **Average realized silver price** in the quarter was \$17.01 per ounce which was comparable to \$16.99 per ounce in the same quarter of the prior year.
- Cost of sales** in the quarter increased 9% compared to the same quarter of the previous year as a result of the following factors:
 - the **addition of the Santa Elena Mine**, which produced 1.6 million silver equivalent ounces in the quarter and added \$10.5 million to the Company's cost of sales;

Partially offset by:

- weakening of the Mexican pesos against the U.S. dollar**, as a significant portion of the Company's operating costs are incurred in Mexican pesos, which weakened by 18% against the U.S. dollar compared to the second quarter of 2015; and
- the Company's **ongoing effort to reduce costs** through headcount reductions, renegotiating contractors and suppliers contracts, and realizing efficiencies, which resulted in significant cost reductions in mining contractor, mineral haulage, diesel and explosives.

3. The increase in **depletion, depreciation and amortization** was attributed to a combination of the following:
 - the **addition of the Santa Elena mine** in October 2015, which contributed \$4.0 million to depletion, depreciation and amortization during the quarter;
 - **Revisions to life of mines** at the end of 2015 accelerated depletion and depreciation rates applied to mining interests and property, plant and equipment depreciated under the units-of-production method. Life of mine estimates were reduced at the end of 2015 to reflect lower Reserves and Resources estimates with higher cut-off grades based on lower metal prices;partially offset by:
 - **Impairment charge on non-current assets** recognized in the fourth quarter of 2015, which resulted in an \$87.2 million decrease in depletable mining interests and depreciable property, plant and equipment, which results in lower depletion, depreciation and amortization in subsequent periods.
4. **Mine operating earnings** during the quarter increased \$6.5 million from the second quarter of 2015 due to an \$8.9 million increase in gross margin offset by \$2.4 million higher depletion, depreciation and amortization expense. Gross margin was primarily affected by a 22% increase in silver equivalent ounces sold and lower cash costs per ounce.
5. The Company's **investment and other income or loss** is primarily comprised of gain or losses on the following:
 - \$4.6 million gain on investment in **marketable securities**, compared to a loss of \$0.1 million in the second quarter of 2015; and
 - \$0.3 million in **interest income and other**.
6. **Finance costs** decreased \$0.3 million compared to the second quarter of 2015, primarily due to lower debt financing costs subsequent to the **early settlement of BAML prepayment facilities** in February 2016.
7. During the quarter, the Company recorded an **income tax expense** of \$3.1 million compared to an income tax recovery of \$1.9 million in the second quarter of 2015. The \$5.0 million increase in income tax expense was primarily attributed to a \$13.7 million increase in earnings before tax.
8. As a result of the foregoing, **net earnings** for the quarter was \$6.1 million (EPS of \$0.04) compared to a loss of \$2.6 million (Loss per share of \$0.02) in the same quarter of the prior year.

For the year to date period ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands of dollars, except for per share amounts):

	Year to Date 2016	Year to Date 2015	Variance %	
Revenues	\$ 132,581	\$ 108,759	22%	(1)
Cost of sales (excludes depletion, depreciation and amortization)	73,514	65,650	12%	(2)
Gross margin	59,067	43,109	37%	
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	39,757	34,672	15%	(3)
Mine operating earnings	19,310	8,437	129%	(4)
General and administrative	8,346	8,568	-3%	
Share-based payments	2,239	3,153	-29%	
Foreign exchange gain	(2,812)	(2,174)	29%	
Operating earnings (loss)	11,537	(1,110)	-1139%	
Investment and other income	4,861	447	987%	(5)
Finance costs	(5,828)	(3,054)	91%	(6)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	10,570	(3,717)	-384%	
Current income tax expense	1,872	1,412	33%	
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	10,026	(1,446)	-793%	
Income tax expense (recovery)	11,898	(34)	-35094%	(7)
Net loss for the year	\$ (1,328)	\$ (3,683)	-64%	(8)
Loss per share (basic)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)	-73%	(8)
Loss per share (diluted)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)	-73%	(8)

1. **Revenues** in the six months ended June 30, 2016 increased 22% compared to the same period of the previous year due to the following significant contributors:

- **Silver equivalent ounces sold** increased by 29% compared to the same period of 2015, primarily attributed to incremental production from the Santa Elena mine, which was acquired in October 2015;

Partially offset by:

- **Average realized silver price** decreased by 6% from \$17.02 per ounce in the six months ended June 30, 2015 to \$15.99 per ounce in the current period.

2. **Cost of sales** in the period increased 12% compared to the same period of the previous year as a result of the following factors:

- the **addition of the Santa Elena Mine**, which produced 3.3 million silver equivalent ounces in the quarter and added \$22.2 million to the Company's cost of sales;

Partially offset by:

- **weakening of the Mexican pesos against the U.S. dollar**, as a significant portion of the Company's operating costs are incurred in Mexican pesos, which weakened by 19% against the U.S. dollar compared to the same period of 2015; and
- the Company's **ongoing effort to reduce costs** through headcount reductions, renegotiating contractors and suppliers contracts, and realizing efficiencies, which resulted in significant cost reductions in mining contractor, mineral haulage, diesel and explosives.

3. The increase in **depletion, depreciation and amortization** was attributed to a combination of the following:
- the **addition of the Santa Elena mine** in October 2015, which contributed \$7.8 million to depletion, depreciation and amortization during the six months ended June 30, 2016;
 - **Revisions to life of mines** at the end of 2015 accelerated depletion and depreciation rates applied to mining interests and property, plant and equipment depreciated under the units-of-production method. Life of mine estimates were reduced at the end of 2015 to reflect lower Reserves and Resources estimates with higher cut-off grades based on lower metal prices;
- partially offset by:
- **Impairment charge on non-current assets** recognized in the fourth quarter of 2015, which resulted in an \$87.2 million decrease in depletable mining interests and depreciable property, plant and equipment, which results in lower depletion, depreciation and amortization in subsequent periods.
4. **Mine operating earnings** during the six months ended June 30, 2016 increased \$10.9 million from the same period of 2015 due to a \$16.0 million increase in gross margin offset by \$5.1 million higher depletion, depreciation and amortization. Gross margin was primarily affected by a 29% increase in silver equivalent ounces sold and lower cash costs per ounce.
5. The Company's **investment and other income or loss** is primarily comprised of gain or losses on the following:
- \$5.6 million gain on investment in **marketable securities**; and
 - \$0.5 million in **interest income and other**;
- Offset by:
- \$1.3 million loss on fair value adjustment of **prepayment facilities**, which contains commodity price swaps and call options on a portion of the Company's lead and zinc production, prior to early settlement in February 2016.
6. **Finance costs** increased \$2.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period of 2015, primarily due to a \$3.5 million loss related to prepayment of interest expenses embedded in the **early settlement of BAML prepayment facilities** in February 2016, which resulted in accelerated interest and accretion expense plus call option payments. The debt restructuring improved the Company's working capital by approximately \$32.0 million.
7. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded an **income tax expense** of \$11.9 million compared to an income tax expense of \$nil in the same period of 2015. In November 2015, the Mexican Tax Authorities introduced a provision which enable companies to settle a portion of its tax deconsolidation liability against past loss carryforwards at a discounted rate of 15% as compared to the Mexican corporate tax rate of 30%. In March 2016, the Company elected to apply this new provision to reduce its deconsolidation tax liability by \$14.7 million. As the Company was previously carrying these tax loss carryforwards as a deferred tax asset valued at \$21.4 million, this effectively resulted in a one-time net \$6.7 million deferred tax expense related to the value of tax loss carryforwards being written off during the period. Without the effect of this one-time adjustment, the Company's income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$5.2 million. The increase in income tax expense compared to the same period of the prior year was due to an increase in earnings before income taxes of \$14.3 million.
8. As a result of the foregoing, **net loss** for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$1.3 million (Loss per share of \$0.01) compared to a loss of \$3.7 million (Loss per share of \$0.03) in the same period of the prior year.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table presents selected financial information for each of the most recent eight quarters:

Selected Financial Information	2016		2015				2014	
	Q2 ⁽¹⁾	Q1 ⁽²⁾	Q4 ⁽³⁾	Q3 ⁽⁴⁾	Q2 ⁽⁵⁾	Q1 ⁽⁶⁾	Q4 ⁽⁷⁾	Q3 ⁽⁸⁾
Revenue	\$ 66,072	\$ 66,509	\$ 66,012	\$ 44,673	\$ 54,190	\$ 54,569	\$ 72,480	\$ 40,770
Cost of sales	\$ 36,252	\$ 37,262	\$ 39,479	\$ 30,545	\$ 33,314	\$ 32,336	\$ 44,873	\$ 31,973
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	\$ 19,879	\$ 19,878	\$ 22,651	\$ 17,716	\$ 17,435	\$ 17,237	\$ 21,774	\$ 10,588
Mine operating earnings (loss)	\$ 9,941	\$ 9,369	\$ 3,882	\$ (3,588)	\$ 3,441	\$ 4,996	\$ 5,833	\$ (1,791)
Net earnings (loss) after tax	\$ 6,105	\$ (7,433)	\$ (102,961)	\$ (1,780)	\$ (2,578)	\$ (1,105)	\$ (64,568)	\$ (10,450)
Earnings (loss) per share (basic)	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.66)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.55)	\$ (0.09)
Earnings (loss) per share (diluted)	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.66)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.55)	\$ (0.09)

1. In the second quarter of 2016, the Company recorded mine operating earnings of \$9.9 million compared to \$9.4 million in the first quarter. Net earnings for the quarter was \$6.1 million, a \$13.5 million increase compared to the preceding quarter primarily due to a \$5.6 million decrease in deferred tax expense and a \$4.6 million fair value gain on marketable securities. Deferred tax expense in the prior quarter was affected by a one-time net \$6.7 million deferred income tax expense related to the value of tax loss carryforwards being written off.
2. During the first quarter of 2016, mine operating earnings was \$9.4 million, compared to \$3.9 million in the quarter ended December 31, 2015. The increase in mine operating earnings was primarily attributed to decrease in cost of sales as a result of an ongoing company-wide effort to reduce costs and focus on producing profitable ounces. Net loss for the quarter was \$7.4 million compared to a net loss of \$103.0 million in the fourth quarter of 2015. Net loss in the current quarter was primarily affected by a one-time net \$6.7 million deferred income tax expense related to the value of tax loss carryforwards being written off. Net loss in the previous period was primarily due to a \$108.4 million, or \$70.2 million net of tax, impairment of non-current assets.
3. During the fourth quarter of 2015, mine operating earnings was \$3.9 million, compared to loss of \$3.6 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2015. The increase in mine operating earnings was primarily driven by the addition of the Santa Elena mine, which had mine operating earnings of \$9.4 million during the quarter. Net loss for the quarter was \$103.0 million, compared to a loss of \$1.8 million in the previous quarter primarily due to a \$108.4 million, or \$70.2 million net of tax, impairment of non-current assets due to reduction in market consensus on long-term silver price forecasts and the consequential impact on the Company's reserves and resources.
4. During the third quarter of 2015, mine operating loss was \$3.6 million, compared to earnings of \$3.4 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in mine operating earnings was primarily driven by a decrease in silver prices and less silver equivalent ounces sold. Net loss for the quarter was \$1.8 million, compared to a loss of \$2.6 million in the previous quarter due to a decrease in mine operating earnings and investment and other losses related to fair value adjustment of prepayment facilities and derivatives, net of deferred income tax recovery related to taxation effects on foreign currency translation.
5. During the second quarter of 2015, mine operating earnings was \$3.4 million compared to \$5.0 million in the quarter ended March 31, 2015. The decrease in mine operating earnings was primarily driven by a decrease in silver prices and silver equivalent ounces sold. Net loss for the quarter was \$2.6 million, compared to a loss of \$1.1 million in the previous quarter due to decrease in mine operating earnings and investment and other losses related to fair value adjustment of prepayment facilities and derivatives.
6. During the first quarter of 2015, mine operating earnings was \$5.0 million compared to \$5.8 million in the quarter ended December 31, 2014. The decrease in mine operating earnings was primarily driven by decrease in silver prices and silver equivalent ounces sold, as approximately 934,000 ounces of silver sales that were suspended in the fourth quarter of 2014 and sold in the quarter ended December 31, 2014. Net loss for the quarter was \$1.1 million, compared to a loss of \$64.6 million in the previous quarter due to a non-cash impairment charge of \$102.0 million, or \$66.0 million net of tax, recognized at the end of the previous quarter.

7. In the quarter ended December 31, 2014, mine operating earnings was \$5.8 million compared to mine operating loss of \$1.8 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2014. The increase in mine operating earnings was attributed to approximately 934,000 ounces of silver sales that were suspended at the end of the fourth quarter of 2014 due to declining silver prices and rolled into sales of the fourth quarter. Net loss for the quarter was \$64.6 million compared to \$10.5 million in the previous quarter due to a non-cash impairment charge of \$102.0 million, or \$66.0 million net of tax, related to some of the Company's non-current assets during the quarter and related taxation effects.
8. In the quarter ended September 30, 2014, mine operating loss was \$1.8 million compared to mine operating earnings of \$9.5 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2014. The decrease in mine operating earnings was primarily attributed to the Company's decision to suspend approximately 934,000 in silver sales near the end of the quarter as a result of significant decline in silver prices during the quarter. Net earnings also decreased \$18.0 million compared to the preceding quarter as a result of a decrease in mine operating earnings and a one-time litigation gain of \$14.1 million recognized in the second quarter of 2014.

Liquidity

As at June 30, 2016, the Company held cash and cash equivalents of \$108.2 million compared to \$51.0 million at December 31, 2015. Cash and cash equivalents is primarily comprised of cash held with reputable financial institutions and is invested in cash accounts and in highly liquid short-term investments with maturities of three months or less. The funds are not exposed to liquidity risk and there are no restrictions on the ability of the Company to use these funds to meet its obligations. As at June 30, 2016, total available liquidity, including \$8.8 million of undrawn revolving credit facility, was \$117.0 million.

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$57.2 million during the period. The Company's cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities during the year are summarized as follows:

- Cash provided from operating activities of \$37.0 million;
 - Cash provided by financing activities of \$44.2 million, including:
 - \$42.7 million net proceeds from private placement completed in May 2016;
 - \$49.9 million net proceeds from new debt financing closed in February 2016; and
 - \$8.6 million proceeds from exercise of stock options, of which \$4.1 million related to exercise of replacement stock options issued for the SilverCrest acquisition.
- offset by:
- \$31.6 million was spent on repayment of prepayment facilities;
 - \$15.0 million was spent on repayment of SilverCrest's credit facility;
 - \$5.1 million was spent on repayment of lease obligations; and
 - \$5.3 million was spent on financing costs;
- Cash used in investing activities of \$25.5 million, primarily related to:
 - \$18.5 million spent on mine development and exploration activities; and
 - \$6.0 million spent on purchase of property, plant and equipment and deposits for the acquisition of non-current assets.

Working capital as at June 30, 2016 was \$119.1 million compared to \$15.6 million at December 31, 2015. To improve the Company's working capital position and advance various expansionary projects, the Company completed a CAD\$57.5 million private placement in May 2016 and closed a \$60.0 million debt financing agreement in February 2016, consisting of a \$35.0 million three year term loan and a \$25.0 million revolving credit facility with a three year expiry. Additional improvement in working capital can also be attributed to improving metal prices and lower operating costs, which resulted in \$48.4 million in operating cash flows generated before movements in working capital and taxes during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

Since June 30, 2016, as at the date of this MD&A, proceeds from exercise of stock options were \$10.7 million (CAD\$14.0 million).

Capital Resources

The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain financial flexibility to continue as a going concern while optimizing growth and maximizing returns of investments from shareholders.

The Company monitors its capital structure and, based on changes in operations and economic conditions, may adjust the structure by repurchasing shares, issuing new shares, issuing new debt or retiring existing debt. The Company prepares annual budget and quarterly forecasts to facilitate the management of its capital requirements. The annual budget is approved by the Company's Board of Directors.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements with the exception of complying with covenants defined in the debt facilities. As at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company was fully in compliance with these covenants.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

As at June 30, 2016, the Company's contractual obligations and commitments are summarized as follows:

	Contractual Cash Flows	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	After 5 years
Trade and other payables	\$ 27,258	\$ 27,258	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Debt facilities	55,281	14,648	40,633	-	-
Finance lease obligations	14,023	9,359	4,604	60	-
Purchase obligations and commitments	1,432	1,432	-	-	-
	\$ 97,994	\$ 52,697	\$ 45,237	\$ 60	\$ -

Management is of the view that the above contractual obligations and commitments will be sufficiently funded by current working capital, future operating cash flows, and available debt facilities as at the date of this MD&A.

MANAGEMENT OF RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company thoroughly examines the various financial instruments and risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks. These risks may include credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, commodity price risk and interest rate risk. Where material, these risks are reviewed and monitored by the Board of Directors.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer or counterparty fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk relates primarily to trade receivables in the ordinary course of business and VAT and other receivables.

The Company sells and receives payment upon delivery of its silver doré and by-products primarily through four international customers. Additionally, concentrates and related base metal by-products are sold primarily through two international organizations with good credit ratings. Payments of receivables are scheduled, routine and received within 60 days of submission; therefore, the balance of trade receivables owed to the Company in the ordinary course of business is not significant.

At June 30, 2016, value added taxes ("VAT") receivable included \$8.9 million (2015 - \$11.1 million) of monthly VAT filings of Nusantara, a subsidiary of the recently acquired SilverCrest Mines Inc., that were delayed due to a prior audit from the Mexican tax authorities. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company collected \$4.5 million of the outstanding balance of value added taxes related to the audit of Nusantara. The Company is now proceeding to file the remaining VAT claims for the period from September 2015 to June 2016. The Company believes the balance is fully recoverable within the next twelve months and, therefore, has not provided an allowance against this balance nor reclassified the balance as non-current.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the consolidated financial statements represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk. With the exception to the above, the Company believes it is not exposed to significant credit risk.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they arise. The Company has in place a planning and budgeting process to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements and contractual obligations. Based on the Company's current operating plan, the Company believes it has sufficient cash on hand, combined with cash flows from operations, to meet its ongoing operating requirements as they arise for at least the next 12 months. If commodity prices in the metals markets were to decrease significantly, or the Company was to deviate significantly from its operating plan, the Company may need a further injection of capital to address its cash flow requirements.

Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily relating to financial instruments that are denominated in Canadian dollars or Mexican pesos, which would impact the Company's net earnings or loss and other comprehensive income or loss. To manage foreign exchange risk, the Company may occasionally enter into short-term foreign currency derivatives. As at June 30, 2016, the Company carried \$18.0 million in foreign exchange forward contracts with a weighted average contract rate of 18.7 to 1 (MXN to USD), which expire between July to September 2016, to hedge its exposure on the Mexican peso. These forward contracts have a fair value of \$0.4 million as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015 – liability of \$0.3 million) based on market quoted price. The foreign currency derivatives are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes.

The sensitivity of the Company's net earnings or loss and comprehensive income or loss due to changes in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar is included in the table below:

	June 30, 2016							
	Cash and cash equivalents	Trade and other receivables	Other financial assets	Trade and other payables	Foreign exchange derivative	Net assets (liabilities) exposure	Effect of +/- 10% change in currency	
Canadian dollar	\$ 51,060	\$ 1,241	\$ 8,476	\$ (942)	\$ -	\$ 59,835	\$ 5,984	
Mexican peso	1,388	17,324	-	(12,835)	18,000	23,877	2,388	
	\$ 52,448	\$ 18,565	\$ 8,476	\$ (13,777)	\$ 18,000	\$ 83,712	\$ 8,372	

	December 31, 2015							
	Cash and cash equivalents	Trade and other receivables	Other financial assets	Trade and other payables	Foreign exchange derivative	Net assets (liabilities) exposure	Effect of +/- 10% change in currency	
Canadian dollar	\$ 1,980	\$ 1,297	\$ -	\$ (1,027)	\$ -	\$ 2,250	\$ 225	
Mexican peso	1,894	20,643	-	(18,258)	3,675	7,954	795	
	\$ 3,874	\$ 21,940	\$ -	\$ (19,285)	\$ 3,675	\$ 10,204	\$ 1,020	

Commodity Price Risk

The Company is exposed to commodity price risk on silver, gold, lead and zinc, which have a direct and immediate impact on the value of its related financial instruments and net earnings. The Company's revenues are directly dependent on commodity prices that have shown volatility and are beyond the Company's control. The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge its commodity price risk to silver.

The following table summarizes the Company's exposure to commodity price risk and their impact on net earnings:

	June 30, 2016																			
	Silver				Gold				Lead				Zinc				Effect of +/- 10% change in metal prices			
Metals subject to provisional price adjustments	\$ 551				\$ 97				\$ 194				\$ 53				\$ 895			
Metals in doré and concentrates inventory	180				80				45				16				321			
	\$ 731				\$ 177				\$ 239				\$ 69				\$ 1,216			

	December 31, 2015				
	Effect of +/- 10% change in metal prices				
	Silver	Gold	Lead	Zinc	
Metals subject to provisional price adjustments	\$ 428	\$ 44	\$ 201	\$ 77	\$ 750
Metals in doré and concentrates inventory	174	198	36	18	426
Prepayment facilities	-	-	(2,833)	(480)	(3,313)
	\$ 602	\$ 242	\$ (2,596)	\$ (385)	\$ (2,137)

Political and Country Risk

First Majestic currently conducts foreign operations primarily in México, and as such the Company's operations are exposed to various levels of political and economic risks by factors outside of the Company's control. These potential factors include, but are not limited to: royalty and tax increases or claims by governmental bodies, expropriation or nationalization, foreign exchange controls, high rates of inflation, extreme fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, import and export regulations, cancellation or renegotiation of contracts and environmental and permitting regulations. The Company currently has no political risk insurance coverage against these risks.

The Company is unable to determine the impact of these risks on its future financial position or results of operations. Changes, if any, in mining or investment policies or shifts in political attitude in foreign countries may substantively affect Company's exploration, development and production activities.

Environmental and Health and Safety Risks

The Company's activities are subject to extensive laws and regulations governing environmental protection and employee health and safety. Environmental laws and regulations are complex and have tended to become more stringent over time. The Company is required to obtain governmental permits and in some instances air, water quality, and mine reclamation rules and permits. The Company has complied with environmental taxes applied to the use of certain fossil fuels according to the Kyoto Protocol. Although the Company makes provisions for reclamation costs, it cannot be assured that these provisions will be adequate to discharge its future obligations for these costs. Failure to comply with applicable environmental and health and safety laws may result in injunctions, damages, suspension or revocation of permits and imposition of penalties. While the health and safety of our people and responsible environmental stewardship are our top priorities, there can be no assurance that First Majestic has been or will be at all times in complete compliance with such laws, regulations and permits, or that the costs of complying with current and future environmental and health and safety laws and permits will not materially and adversely affect the Company's business, results of operations or financial condition.

Claims and Legal Proceedings Risks

The Company is subject to various claims and legal proceedings covering a wide range of matters that arise in the ordinary course of business activities. Many factors, both known and unknown, could cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from the results, performance or achievements that are or may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements or information and the Company has made assumptions and estimates based on or related to many of these factors. Such factors include, without limitation: availability of time on court calendars in Canada and elsewhere; the recognition of Canadian judgments under Mexican law; the possibility of settlement discussions; the risk of appeal of judgment; and the insufficiency of the defendant's assets to satisfy the judgment amount. Each of these matters is subject to various uncertainties and it is possible that some of these matters may be resolved unfavourably to the Company. First Majestic carries liability insurance coverage and establishes provisions for matters that are probable and can be reasonably estimated. In addition, the Company may be involved in disputes with other parties in the future which may result in a significant impact on our financial condition, cash flow and results of operations.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify ownership and legal title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, according to the usual industry standards for the stage of mining, development and exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers, and title may be affected by undetected defects. However, management is not aware of any such agreements, transfers or defects.

In April 2013, the Company received a positive judgment on the First Silver litigation from the Supreme Court of British Columbia (the "Court"), which awarded the sum of \$93.8 million in favour of First Majestic against Hector Davila Santos (the

“Defendant”). The Company received a sum of \$14.1 million in June 2013 as partial payment of the judgment, leaving an unpaid amount of approximately \$62.2 million (CAD\$81.5 million). As part of the ruling, the Court granted orders restricting any transfer or encumbrance of the Bolaños Mine by the defendant and limiting mining at the Bolaños Mine. The orders also require that the defendant to preserve net cash flow from the Bolaños Mine in a holding account and periodically provide to the Company certain information regarding the Bolaños Mine. However, there can be no guarantee that the remainder of the judgment amount will be collected and it is likely that it will be necessary to take additional action in Mexico and/or elsewhere to recover the balance. Therefore, as at June 30, 2016, the Company has not accrued any of the remaining \$62.2 million (CAD\$81.5 million) unpaid judgment in favour of the Company.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Share Repurchase Program

The Company has an ongoing share repurchase program to repurchase up to 5% of the Company’s issued and outstanding shares. The normal course issuer bids will be carried through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange and alternative Canadian marketplaces. No shares were repurchased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and year ended December 31, 2015.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At June 30, 2016, the Company had no material off-balance sheet arrangements such as contingent interest in assets transferred to an entity, derivative instruments obligations or any obligations that generate financing, liquidity, market or credit risk to the Company, other than contingent liabilities and vendor liability and interest, as disclosed in this MD&A and the consolidated financial statements and the related notes.

Related Party Disclosures

Amounts paid to related parties were incurred in the normal course of business and measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount agreed upon by the transacting parties and on terms and conditions similar to non-related parties.

As at June 30, 2016, the Company has a \$1.2 million (December 31, 2015 - \$1.1 million) promissory notes receivable from First Mining Finance Corp., a related party, which is repayable on demand with an interest rate of 9% per annum. On July 12, 2016, the Company entered into a debt settlement agreement with First Mining to settle the promissory notes receivable. Pursuant to the agreement, First Mining will settle \$0.5 million of the debt through issuance of 820,440 of its common shares at a deemed price of CAD\$0.80 per share. The remaining balance of \$0.7 million will be paid in cash in twelve equal monthly cash payments.

There were no other significant transactions with related parties outside of the ordinary course of business during the period.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following significant events occurred subsequent to June 30, 2016:

- a) 1,461,407 stock options were exercised for proceeds of \$10.7 million (CAD\$14.0 million); and
- b) 57,500 stock options with a five year expiry and an average exercise price of CAD\$18.10 were granted.

Pursuant to the above subsequent events, the Company has 163,986,005 common shares outstanding as at the date on which this MD&A was approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors.

Critical Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS as issued by IASB requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, events or actions, actual results may differ from these estimates. There were no changes in critical accounting judgments and estimates that were significantly different from those disclosed in the Company's annual MD&A as at and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies Not Yet Effective as at June 30, 2016

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 – *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("IFRS 15") which supersedes IAS 11 – *Construction Contracts*, IAS 18 – *Revenue*, IFRIC 13 – *Customer Loyalty Programmes*, IFRIC 15 – *Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate*, IFRIC 18 – *Transfers of Assets from Customers*, and SIC 31 – *Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services*. IFRS 15 establishes a single five-step model framework for determining the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. The standard is currently mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9 – *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9") to replace IAS 39 – *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 provides a revised model for recognition and measurement of financial instruments and a single, forward-looking "expected loss" impairment model. IFRS 9 also includes a substantially reformed approach to hedge accounting. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

Finance leases

In January 2016, the IASB published a new accounting standard, IFRS 16 – *Leases* ("IFRS 16") which supersedes IAS 17 – *Leases*. IFRS 16 specifies how to recognize, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring the recognition of assets and liabilities for all leases, unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted, if IFRS 16 – *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, has also been applied. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

The Company has included certain non-GAAP measures including “Cash costs per ounce”, “Production cost per tonne”, “All-in sustaining costs per ounce”, “Average realized silver price”, “Adjusted earnings per share”, “Cash flow per share” and “Working capital” to supplement its consolidated financial statements, which are presented in accordance with IFRS. The terms IFRS and generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) are used interchangeably throughout this MD&A.

The Company believes that these measures, together with measures determined in accordance with IFRS, provide investors with an improved ability to evaluate the underlying performance of the Company. Non-GAAP measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS, and therefore they may not be comparable to similar measures employed by other companies. The data is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Cash Cost per Ounce, All-In Sustaining Cost per Ounce and Production Cost per Tonne

Cash costs per ounce and total production cost per tonne are non-GAAP measures used by the Company to manage and evaluate operating performance at each of the Company’s operating mining units, and are widely reported in the mining industry as benchmarks for performance, but do not have a standardized meaning and are disclosed in addition to IFRS measures.

All-In Sustaining Cost (“AISC”) is a non-GAAP measure and was calculated based on guidance provided by the World Gold Council (“WGC”) in June 2013. WGC is not a regulatory industry organization and does not have the authority to develop accounting standards for disclosure requirements. Other mining companies may calculate AISC differently as a result of differences in underlying accounting principles and policies applied, as well as differences in definitions of sustaining versus development capital expenditures.

AISC is a more comprehensive measure than cash cost per ounce for the Company’s consolidated operating performance by providing greater visibility, comparability and representation of the total costs associated with producing silver from its current operations.

The Company defines sustaining capital expenditures as, *“costs incurred to sustain and maintain existing assets at current productive capacity and constant planned levels of productive output without resulting in an increase in the life of assets, future earnings, or improvements in recovery or grade. Sustaining capital includes costs required to improve/enhance assets to minimum standards for reliability, environmental or safety requirements. Sustaining capital expenditures excludes all expenditures at the Company’s new projects and certain expenditures at current operations which are deemed expansionary in nature.”*

Consolidated AISC includes total production cash costs incurred at the Company’s mining operations, which forms the basis of the Company’s total cash costs. Additionally, the Company includes sustaining capital expenditures, corporate general and administrative expense, exploration and evaluation costs, share-based payments and reclamation cost accretion. AISC by mine does not include certain corporate and non-cash items such as general and administrative expense and share-based payments. The Company believes that this measure represents the total sustainable costs of producing silver from current operations, and provides the Company and other stakeholders of the Company with additional information of the Company’s operational performance and ability to generate cash flows. As the measure seeks to reflect the full cost of silver production from current operations, new project capital and expansionary capital at current operations are not included. Certain other cash expenditures, including tax payments, dividends and financing costs are also not included.

The following tables provide a detailed reconciliation of these measures to cost of sales, as reported in notes to our consolidated financial statements.

(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except ounce and per ounce amounts)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016						
	Santa Elena	La Encantada	La Parrilla	Del Toro	San Martin	La Guitarra	Consolidated
Production cost (A)	\$ 10,788	\$ 7,345	\$ 5,867	\$ 4,275	\$ 4,590	\$ 3,037	\$ 35,902
Add: transportation and other selling cost	102	168	320	292	119	111	1,112
Add: smelting and refining cost	142	183	2,637	2,572	95	751	6,379
Add: environmental duty and royalties cost	124	22	85	36	40	35	342
Total cash cost before by-product credits (B)	\$ 11,156	\$ 7,718	\$ 8,909	\$ 7,175	\$ 4,844	\$ 3,934	\$ 43,735
Deduct: By-product credits attributed to							
Gold by-product credits	(12,886)	(26)	(162)	-	(1,284)	(2,776)	(17,134)
Lead by-product credits	-	-	(1,912)	(4,186)	-	-	(6,098)
Zinc by-product credits	-	-	(2,771)	-	-	-	(2,771)
Total by-product credits	\$ (12,886)	\$ (26)	\$ (4,845)	\$ (4,186)	\$ (1,284)	\$ (2,776)	\$ (26,003)
Total cash cost (C)	\$ (1,730)	\$ 7,692	\$ 4,064	\$ 2,989	\$ 3,560	\$ 1,158	\$ 17,732
Workers' Participation	-	105	201	52	12	23	394
General and administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,306
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,092
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	36	52	33	38	35	21	215
Sustaining capital expenditures	2,791	735	925	727	583	819	6,579
All-in Sustaining Costs (D)	\$ 1,097	\$ 8,584	\$ 5,223	\$ 3,806	\$ 4,190	\$ 2,021	\$ 30,318
Payable silver ounces produced (E)	604,707	619,832	553,123	378,405	411,274	195,361	2,762,703
Tonnes milled (F)	245,753	209,039	157,871	80,739	69,863	34,917	798,182
Total cash cost per ounce, before by-product credits (B/E)	\$ 18.45	\$ 12.45	\$ 16.09	\$ 18.96	\$ 11.79	\$ 20.14	\$ 15.82
Total cash cost per ounce (C/E)	\$ (2.86)	\$ 12.41	\$ 7.33	\$ 7.90	\$ 8.67	\$ 5.93	\$ 6.41
All-in sustaining cost per ounce (D/E)	\$ 1.81	\$ 13.85	\$ 9.43	\$ 10.05	\$ 10.20	\$ 10.34	\$ 10.97
Production cost per tonne (A/F)	\$ 43.89	\$ 35.13	\$ 37.12	\$ 52.95	\$ 65.75	\$ 87.01	\$ 44.97
Gold by-product credits per ounce	\$ (21.31)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.29)	\$ -	\$ (3.12)	\$ (14.21)	\$ (6.20)
Lead by-product credits per ounce	-	-	(3.46)	(11.06)	-	-	(2.21)
Zinc by-product credits per ounce	-	-	(5.01)	-	-	-	(1.00)
Total by-product credits per ounce	\$ (21.31)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (8.76)	\$ (11.06)	\$ (3.12)	\$ (14.21)	\$ (9.41)

(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except ounce and per ounce amounts)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015					
	La Encantada	La Parrilla	Del Toro	San Martin	La Guitarra	Consolidated
Production cost (A)	\$ 8,392	\$ 8,310	\$ 6,966	\$ 5,021	\$ 2,319	\$ 31,008
Add: transportation and other selling cost	140	405	464	118	114	1,241
Add: smelting and refining cost	232	2,685	3,053	151	906	7,027
Add: environmental duty and royalties cost	54	108	54	64	29	309
Total cash cost before by-product credits (B)	\$ 8,818	\$ 11,508	\$ 10,537	\$ 5,354	\$ 3,368	\$ 39,585
Deduct: By-product credits attributed to						
Gold by-product credits	(23)	(272)	-	(1,622)	(1,896)	(3,813)
Lead by-product credits	-	(1,603)	(7,811)	-	-	(9,414)
Zinc by-product credits	-	(3,446)	-	-	-	(3,446)
Total by-product credits	\$ (23)	\$ (5,321)	\$ (7,811)	\$ (1,622)	\$ (1,896)	\$ (16,673)
Total cash cost (C)	\$ 8,795	\$ 6,187	\$ 2,726	\$ 3,732	\$ 1,472	\$ 22,912
Workers' Participation	204	-	-	149	(15)	338
General and administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	4,041
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	1,544
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	56	40	39	39	21	195
Sustaining capital expenditures	1,946	2,128	1,621	1,820	1,431	8,968
All-in Sustaining Costs (D)	\$ 11,001	\$ 8,355	\$ 4,386	\$ 5,740	\$ 2,909	\$ 37,998
Payable silver ounces produced (E)	600,458	576,856	629,825	596,731	218,317	2,622,186
Tonnes milled (F)	189,811	178,736	162,089	89,506	42,494	662,637
Total cash cost per ounce, before by-product credits (B/E)	\$ 14.69	\$ 19.94	\$ 16.74	\$ 8.97	\$ 15.42	\$ 15.10
Total cash cost per ounce (C/E)	\$ 14.65	\$ 10.72	\$ 4.34	\$ 6.25	\$ 6.74	\$ 8.74
All-in sustaining cost per ounce (D/E)	\$ 18.32	\$ 14.48	\$ 6.97	\$ 9.62	\$ 13.32	\$ 14.49
Production cost per tonne (A/F)	\$ 44.21	\$ 46.49	\$ 42.99	\$ 56.09	\$ 54.58	\$ 46.80
Gold by-product credits per ounce	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.47)	\$ -	\$ (2.72)	\$ (8.68)	\$ (1.45)
Lead by-product credits per ounce	-	(2.78)	(12.40)	-	-	(3.59)
Zinc by-product credits per ounce	-	(5.97)	-	-	-	(1.31)
Total by-product credits per ounce	\$ (0.04)	\$ (9.22)	\$ (12.40)	\$ (2.72)	\$ (8.68)	\$ (6.35)

(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars,
except ounce and per ounce amounts)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016						
	Santa Elena	La Encantada	La Parrilla	Del Toro	San Martin	La Guitarra	Consolidated
Production cost (A)	\$ 20,983	\$ 13,947	\$ 11,225	\$ 8,905	\$ 8,635	\$ 5,931	\$ 69,626
Add: transportation and other selling cost	201	336	766	562	243	210	2,318
Add: smelting and refining cost	363	443	5,930	4,444	210	1,470	12,860
Add: environmental duty and royalties cost	251	48	151	61	87	63	661
Total cash cost before by-product credits (B)	\$ 21,798	\$ 14,774	\$ 18,072	\$ 13,972	\$ 9,175	\$ 7,674	\$ 85,465
Deduct: By-product credits attributed to							
Gold by-product credits	(25,736)	(59)	(289)	-	(2,815)	(4,837)	(33,736)
Lead by-product credits	-	-	(4,825)	(8,176)	-	-	(13,001)
Zinc by-product credits	-	-	(6,053)	-	-	-	(6,053)
Total by-product credits	\$ (25,736)	\$ (59)	\$ (11,167)	\$ (8,176)	\$ (2,815)	\$ (4,837)	\$ (52,790)
Total cash cost (C)	\$ (3,938)	\$ 14,715	\$ 6,905	\$ 5,796	\$ 6,360	\$ 2,837	\$ 32,675
Workers' Participation	-	147	201	52	102	23	526
General and administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,991
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,239
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	72	104	66	76	70	42	430
Sustaining capital expenditures	6,068	1,337	1,776	1,055	1,266	1,739	13,312
All-In Sustaining Costs (D)	\$ 2,202	\$ 16,303	\$ 8,948	\$ 6,979	\$ 7,798	\$ 4,641	\$ 57,173
Payable silver ounces produced (E)	1,265,006	1,447,296	1,081,046	673,348	891,207	398,347	5,756,249
Tonnes milled (F)	488,292	398,179	309,787	167,608	145,726	78,182	1,587,774
Total cash cost per ounce, before by-product credits (B/E)	\$ 17.23	\$ 10.21	\$ 16.71	\$ 20.75	\$ 10.30	\$ 19.26	\$ 14.85
Total cash cost per ounce (C/E)	\$ (3.11)	\$ 10.17	\$ 6.38	\$ 8.61	\$ 7.14	\$ 7.12	\$ 5.68
All-in sustaining cost per ounce (D/E)	\$ 1.74	\$ 11.26	\$ 8.27	\$ 10.36	\$ 8.75	\$ 11.65	\$ 9.93
Production cost per tonne (A/F)	\$ 42.97	\$ 35.03	\$ 36.22	\$ 53.13	\$ 59.28	\$ 75.85	\$ 43.85
Gold by-product credits per ounce	\$ (20.34)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.27)	\$ -	\$ (3.16)	\$ (12.14)	\$ (5.86)
Lead by-product credits per ounce	-	-	(4.47)	(12.14)	-	-	(2.26)
Zinc by-product credits per ounce	-	-	(5.60)	-	-	-	(1.05)
Total by-product credits per ounce	\$ (20.34)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (10.33)	\$ (12.14)	\$ (3.16)	\$ (12.14)	\$ (9.17)

(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars,
except ounce and per ounce amounts)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015					
	La Encantada	La Parrilla	Del Toro	San Martin	La Guitarra	Consolidated
Production cost (A)	\$ 15,746	\$ 15,671	\$ 14,526	\$ 10,151	\$ 4,538	\$ 60,632
Add: transportation and other selling cost	259	1,017	1,010	194	237	2,717
Add: smelting and refining cost	477	5,889	6,869	304	1,730	15,269
Add: environmental duty and royalties cost	103	221	138	123	53	638
Total cash cost before by-product credits (B)	\$ 16,585	\$ 22,798	\$ 22,543	\$ 10,772	\$ 6,558	\$ 79,256
Deduct: By-product credits attributed to						
Gold by-product credits	(49)	(521)	-	(3,453)	(2,982)	(7,005)
Lead by-product credits	-	(3,381)	(15,765)	-	-	(19,146)
Zinc by-product credits	-	(8,408)	-	-	-	(8,408)
Total by-product credits	\$ (49)	\$ (12,310)	\$ (15,765)	\$ (3,453)	\$ (2,982)	\$ (34,559)
Total cash cost (C)	\$ 16,536	\$ 10,488	\$ 6,778	\$ 7,319	\$ 3,576	\$ 44,697
Workers' Participation	199	-	-	143	-	342
General and administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	8,198
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	3,153
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	112	80	79	78	42	391
Sustaining capital expenditures	3,836	4,767	3,302	3,156	2,595	17,998
All-In Sustaining Costs (D)	\$ 20,683	\$ 15,335	\$ 10,159	\$ 10,696	\$ 6,213	\$ 74,779
Payable silver ounces produced (E)	1,143,014	1,131,618	1,426,403	1,166,952	404,829	5,272,816
Tonnes milled (F)	357,081	351,383	320,024	177,869	87,890	1,294,247
Total cash cost per ounce, before by-product credits (B/E)	\$ 14.51	\$ 20.15	\$ 15.81	\$ 9.23	\$ 16.20	\$ 15.03
Total cash cost per ounce (C/E)	\$ 14.47	\$ 9.27	\$ 4.76	\$ 6.27	\$ 8.83	\$ 8.48
All-in sustaining cost per ounce (D/E)	\$ 18.09	\$ 13.55	\$ 7.13	\$ 9.17	\$ 15.35	\$ 14.18
Production cost per tonne (A/F)	\$ 44.10	\$ 44.60	\$ 45.41	\$ 57.07	\$ 51.62	\$ 46.85
Gold by-product credits per ounce	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.46)	\$ -	\$ (2.96)	\$ (7.37)	\$ (1.33)
Lead by-product credits per ounce	-	(2.99)	(11.05)	-	-	(3.63)
Zinc by-product credits per ounce	-	(7.43)	-	-	-	(1.59)
Total by-product credits per ounce	\$ (0.04)	\$ (10.88)	\$ (11.05)	\$ (2.96)	\$ (7.37)	\$ (6.55)

Average Realized Silver Price per Ounce

Revenues are presented as the net sum of invoiced revenues related to delivered shipments of silver doré bars and concentrates, including associated metal by-products of gold, lead and zinc after having deducted refining and smelting charges, and after elimination of intercompany shipments of silver, silver being minted into coins, ingots and bullion products.

The following is an analysis of the gross revenues prior to refining and smelting charges, and shows deducted smelting and refining charges to arrive at the net reportable revenue for the period per IFRS. Gross revenues are divided into payable equivalent silver ounces sold to calculate the average realized price per ounce of silver equivalents sold.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues as reported	\$ 66,072	\$ 54,190	\$ 132,581	\$ 108,759
Add back: smelting and refining charges	6,379	7,027	12,859	15,269
Gross revenues	72,451	61,217	145,440	124,028
Less: Sandstorm gold revenues	(922)	-	(2,090)	-
Gross revenues, excluding Sandstorm (A)	\$ 71,529	\$ 61,217	\$ 143,350	\$ 124,028
Payable equivalent silver ounces sold	4,394,761	3,602,194	9,417,162	7,286,076
Less: Payable equivalent silver ounces sold to Sandstorm	(188,833)	-	(449,621)	-
Payable equivalent silver ounces sold, excluding Sandstorm (B)	4,205,928	3,602,194	8,967,541	7,286,076
Average realized price per ounce of silver sold (A/B)⁽¹⁾	\$ 17.01	\$ 16.99	\$ 15.99	\$ 17.02
Average market price per ounce of silver per COMEX	\$ 16.83	\$ 16.38	\$ 15.85	\$ 16.54
Sandstorm gold revenues	\$ 922	\$ -	\$ 2,090	\$ -
Payable gold ounces sold	2,556	-	5,829	-
Average realized price per ounce of Sandstorm gold sold	\$ 361	\$ -	\$ 359	\$ -

(1) Average realized price per ounce of silver sold in each reporting period is affected by mark-to-market adjustments and final settlements on concentrate shipments in prior periods. Concentrates sold to fourth-party smelters are provisionally priced and the price is not settled until a predetermined future date, typically one month after delivery to the customer, based on the market price at that time. The mark-to-market adjustments do not apply to doré sales.

Adjusted Earnings per Share (“Adjusted EPS”)

The Company uses the financial measure “Adjusted EPS” to supplement information in its consolidated financial statements. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, the Company and certain investors and analysts use this information to evaluate the Company’s performance. The Company excludes non-cash and unusual items from net earnings to provide a measure which allows the Company and investors to evaluate the operating results of the underlying core operations. The presentation of Adjusted EPS is not meant to be a substitute for EPS presented in accordance with IFRS, but rather should be evaluated in conjunction with such IFRS measure.

The following table provides a detailed reconciliation of net earnings as reported in the Company’s consolidated financial statements to adjusted net earnings and Adjusted EPS.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net earnings (loss) as reported	\$ 6,105	\$ (2,578)	\$ (1,328)	\$ (3,683)
Adjustments for non-cash or unusual items:				
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	2,189	(3,140)	10,026	(1,446)
Share-based payments	1,092	1,544	2,239	3,153
(Gain) loss from investment in derivatives and marketable securities	(4,578)	991	(5,595)	(404)
Loss (gain) from fair value adjustment of prepayment facilities	-	245	1,255	(223)
Recovery of mineral inventory	(63)	(167)	(808)	(821)
Loss on early settlement of prepayment facilities	-	-	3,506	-
Adjusted net earnings (loss)	\$ 4,745	\$ (3,105)	\$ 9,295	\$ (3,424)
Weighted average number of shares on issue - basic	159,503,990	121,097,717	157,598,211	119,355,855
Adjusted EPS	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.06	\$ (0.03)

Cash Flow per Share

Cash Flow per Share is determined based on operating cash flows before movements in working capital and income taxes, as illustrated in the consolidated statements of cash flow, divided by the weighted average shares outstanding during the period.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Operating Cash Flows before Working Capital and Taxes	\$ 23,501	\$ 16,448	\$ 48,473	\$ 33,762
Weighted average number of shares on issue - basic	159,503,990	121,097,717	157,598,211	119,355,855
Cash Flow per Share	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.28

Working Capital

Working capital is determined based on current assets and current liabilities as reported in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company uses working capital as a measure of the Company's short-term financial health and operating efficiency.

	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Current Assets	\$ 169,622	\$ 104,785
Less: Current Liabilities	(50,510)	(89,201)
Working Capital	\$ 119,112	\$ 15,584

ADDITIONAL GAAP MEASURES

The Company uses additional financial measures which should be evaluated in conjunction with IFRS. It is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures prepared in accordance with IFRS. The following additional GAAP measures are used:

Gross Margin

Gross margin represents the difference between revenues and cost of sales, excluding depletion, depreciation and amortization. Management believes that this presentation provides useful information to investors to evaluate the Company's mine operating performance prior to non-cash depletion, depreciation and amortization in order to assess the Company's ability to generate operating cash flow.

Mine Operating Earnings

Mine operating earnings represents the difference between gross margin and depletion, depreciation and amortization. Management believes that mine operating earnings provides useful information to investors because mine operating earnings excludes expenses not directly associated with commercial production.

Operating Cash Flows before Working Capital and Taxes

Operating cash flows before working capital and taxes represents cash flows generated from operations before changes in working capital and income taxes paid. Management believes that this measure allows investors to evaluate the Company's pre-tax cash flows generated from operations adjusted for fluctuations in non-cash working capital items due to timing issues and the Company's ability to service its debt.

The terms described above do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS, therefore the Company's definitions may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of its President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon the results of that evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO have concluded that, as of June 30, 2016, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports it files is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the appropriate time periods and is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's management, with the participation of its CEO and CFO, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as such term is defined in the rules of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and the Canadian Securities Administrators. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that:

- maintaining records that accurately and fairly reflect, in reasonable detail, the transactions and dispositions of assets of the Company;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary for preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS;
- provide reasonable assurance that the Company's receipts and expenditures are made only in accordance with authorizations of management and the Company's Directors; and
- provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The Company's internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect all misstatements because of inherent limitations. Additionally, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness for future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with the Company's policies and procedures.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations of Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, including the President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that any disclosure controls and procedures or internal control over financial reporting, no matter how well conceived and operated, may not prevent or detect all misstatements because of inherent limitations. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, they cannot provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been prevented or detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by unauthorized override of the control. The design of any control system also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in a cost effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Cautionary Note regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain information contained herein this MD&A constitutes forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are frequently characterized by words such as “plan”, “expect”, “forecast”, “project”, “intend”, “believe”, “anticipate”, “outlook” and other similar words, or statements that certain events or conditions “may” or “will” occur. Forward-looking statements are based on the opinions and estimates of management at the dates the statements are made, and are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. These factors include, without limitation: the inherent risks involved in the mining, exploration and development of mineral properties, the uncertainties involved in interpreting drilling results and other geological data, fluctuating metal prices, the possibility of project delays or cost overruns or unanticipated excessive operating costs and expenses, uncertainties related to the necessity of financing, the availability of and costs of financing needed in the future, and other factors described in the Company’s Annual Information Form under the heading “Risk Factors”. The Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management’s estimates or opinions should change other than as required by securities laws. The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Cautionary Note regarding Reserves and Resources

Mineral reserves and mineral resources are determined in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 (“NI 43-101”), issued by the Canadian Securities Administrators. This National Instrument lays out the standards of disclosure for mineral projects including rules relating to the determination of mineral reserves and mineral resources. This includes a requirement that a certified Qualified Person (“QP”) (as defined under the NI 43-101) supervises the preparation of the mineral reserves and mineral resources. Ramon Mendoza, P. Eng., Vice President of Technical Services and Jesus Velador, Ph.D., Director of Exploration, are certified QPs for the Company. Ramon Mendoza has reviewed this MD&A for QP technical disclosures. All NI 43-101 technical reports can be found on the Company’s website at www.firstmajestic.com or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Cautionary Note to United States Investors Concerning Estimates of Mineral Reserves and Resources

This Management’s Discussion and Analysis has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the securities laws in effect in Canada, which differ in certain material respects from the disclosure requirements of United States securities laws. The terms “mineral reserve”, “proven mineral reserve” and “probable mineral reserve” are Canadian mining terms as defined in accordance with Canadian NI 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (the “CIM”) - CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended. These definitions differ from the definitions in the disclosure requirements promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) and contained in Industry Guide 7 (“Industry Guide 7”). Under Industry Guide 7 standards, a “final” or “bankable” feasibility study is required to report mineral reserves, the three-year historical average price is used in any mineral reserve or cash flow analysis to designate mineral reserves and the primary environmental analysis or report must be filed with the appropriate governmental authority.

In addition, the terms “mineral resource”, “measured mineral resource”, “indicated mineral resource” and “inferred mineral resource” are defined in and required to be disclosed by NI 43-101. However, these terms are not defined terms under Industry Guide 7 and are not permitted to be used in reports and registration statements of United States companies filed with the Commission. Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of the mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into mineral reserves. “Inferred mineral resources” have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence, and great uncertainty as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian rules, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource exists or is economically or legally mineable. Disclosure of “contained ounces” in a mineral resource is permitted disclosure under Canadian regulations. In contrast, the Commission only permits U.S. companies to report mineralization that does not constitute “mineral reserves” by Commission standards as in place tonnage and grade without reference to unit measures.

Accordingly, information contained in this Management’s Discussion and Analysis may not be comparable to similar information made public by U.S. companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements under the United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder.

Additional Information

Additional information on the Company, including the Company's Annual Information Form and the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.firstmajestic.com.